Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Belgium

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Alcohol OR	(95% CI)	Tobacco[1] OR	(95% CI)	Any extra-medical drugs OR	(95% CI)	Cannabis OR	(95% CI)	Cocaine OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	1.6	(0.5 - 4.8)	.	.	2.2*	(1.1 - 4.2)	254.7*	(40.0 - 1620.4)	20550*	(9007.4 - 46885.5)
	35-49	4.7*	(1.5 - 14.5)	.	.	1.3	(0.8 - 2.2)	42.0*	(5.0 - 357.2)	2867.3*	(972.5 - 8454.1)
	50-64	2.8*	(1.1 - 7.4)	.	.	1.4	(0.8 - 2.5)	17.5*	(1.6 - 186.0)	260.3*	(33.0 - 2051.3)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	11.7**	[0.008]	.	.	7.8**	[0.050]	256.1**	[0.000]	667.6**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.4	(0.2 - 1.1)	.	.	1	(0.7 - 1.4)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.0)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.5)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	3.7	[0.055]	.	.	0	[0.993]	3.6	[0.059]	1.5	[0.216]
Education	Low	0.5	(0.2 - 1.6)	.	.	0.5	(0.3 - 1.1)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.7)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.5)
	Low/Median	0.5	(0.2 - 1.5)	.	.	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.9)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.2)	1.1	(0.2 - 7.4)
	Median/High	1.2	(0.5 - 2.9)	.	.	0.9	(0.5 - 1.6)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.6)	1.3	(0.3 - 6.0)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	3.9	[0.274]	.	.	7.4	[0.061]	3.6	[0.305]	11.3**	[0.010]
Marital status	Never married	0.7	(0.2 - 2.0)	.	.	1.6*	(1.0 - 2.6)	6.2*	(3.8 - 10.2)	5.0*	(1.2 - 21.9)
	Previously married	1	(0.4 - 2.4)	.	.	1	(0.7 - 1.5)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.5)	0.4	(0.1 - 2.5)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	0.5	[0.773]	.	.	4.6	[0.099]	68.5**	[0.000]	9.1**	[0.011]
Employment	Homemaker	0.4	(0.1 - 1.6)	.	.	0.8	(0.4 - 1.7)	0.7	(0.2 - 2.6)	0.5	(0.1 - 4.3)
	Retired	0.4	(0.1 - 1.1)	.	.	0.7	(0.4 - 1.1)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.1)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.7)	.	.	1.3	(0.8 - 2.2)	1.5	(0.7 - 3.2)	1.8	(0.5 - 6.9)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	12.5**	[0.006]	.	.	3.1	[0.373]	110.6**	[0.000]	771.3**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.3	(0.1 - 1.4)	.	.	0.9	(0.5 - 1.7)	2.6	(0.7 - 9.3)	4.1	(0.4 - 45.6)
	Low-average	0.3	(0.1 - 1.2)	.	.	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	0.4	(0.2 - 1.1)	1.6	(0.2 - 11.3)
	High-average	0.7	(0.2 - 2.4)	.	.	0.9	(0.6 - 1.6)	1.1	(0.4 - 2.9)	3	(0.6 - 15.9)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	6.6	[0.084]	.	.	3.3	[0.346]	27.7**	[0.000]	3.9	[0.278]

Part II Sample (n=1043)

[1] Drug was not accessed

* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control

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Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Belgium

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=1043)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco[1]		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	1	(0.3 - 3.1)	.	.	1.8	(0.9 - 3.5)	44.5*	(12.0 - 164.6)	670.5*	(129.3 - 3476.3)
	35-49	2.6	(0.6 - 10.3)	.	.	1.2	(0.6 - 2.4)	11.4*	(2.4 - 54.3)	124.4*	(35.3 - 438.2)
	50-64	1.9	(0.8 - 4.3)	.	.	1.3	(0.7 - 2.5)	4.8*	(1.0 - 22.5)	11.9*	(3.2 - 45.2)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	6.1	[0.106]	.	.	4.6	[0.201]	82.6**	[0.000]	147.7**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.5	(0.2 - 1.1)	.	.	1	(0.7 - 1.6)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.4)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.4)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	3.2	[0.073]	.	.	0	[0.869]	0.7	[0.402]	1.5	[0.224]
Education	Low	0.8	(0.3 - 2.1)	.	.	0.6	(0.3 - 1.3)	1.1	(0.2 - 7.3)	0.2	(0.0 - 1.9)
	Low/Median	0.6	(0.2 - 1.5)	.	.	0.6	(0.3 - 1.0)	1.7	(0.7 - 4.1)	3.4	(0.4 - 25.5)
	Median/High	1.4	(0.6 - 3.6)	.	.	0.9	(0.5 - 1.7)	0.8	(0.3 - 1.7)	1.3	(0.3 - 5.3)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	7.2	[0.066]	.	.	4.3	[0.233]	2.7	[0.437]	5.9	[0.116]
Marital status	Never married	0.7	(0.3 - 1.9)	.	.	1.1	(0.7 - 1.8)	2.3*	(1.4 - 3.9)	1.8	(0.5 - 6.9)
	Previously married	1.3	(0.5 - 3.4)	.	.	1.1	(0.7 - 1.7)	1.3	(0.5 - 3.2)	0.9	(0.1 - 6.3)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	0.9	[0.625]	.	.	0.5	[0.763]	12.2**	[0.002]	0.9	[0.623]
Employment	Homemaker	0.9	(0.2 - 3.4)	.	.	1.1	(0.5 - 2.3)	1.4	(0.2 - 8.0)	1.7	(0.2 - 18.7)
	Retired	0.6	(0.2 - 2.1)	.	.	1.1	(0.7 - 1.8)	0.1*	(0.0 - 1.0)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.1)
	Other	0.6	(0.3 - 1.2)	.	.	1.4	(0.8 - 2.5)	1.6	(0.6 - 4.4)	2.1	(0.4 - 11.2)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	2.7	[0.442]	.	.	1.9	[0.601]	18.7**	[0.000]	70.1**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.5	(0.1 - 2.0)	.	.	0.9	(0.4 - 1.6)	1.4	(0.3 - 7.0)	1.6	(0.1 - 24.8)
	Low-average	0.4	(0.1 - 1.6)	.	.	0.8	(0.4 - 1.4)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.6)	1.4	(0.2 - 11.8)
	High-average	0.8	(0.2 - 2.7)	.	.	1	(0.6 - 1.8)	1.2	(0.4 - 4.0)	3.1	(0.5 - 20.3)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	3.9	[0.272]	.	.	2.5	[0.478]	14.5**	[0.002]	3.6	[0.309]

[1] *Drug was not accessed*
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model
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Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Colombia

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=2381)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-29	3.8*	(1.8 - 8.4)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.7)	1.4	(0.6 - 3.4)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.9)	3.0*	(1.0 - 8.4)
	30-44	2.6*	(1.3 - 5.1)	0.7*	(0.5 - 1.0)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.5)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.9)	3.1*	(1.1 - 8.8)
	45-54	1.8	(0.8 - 4.1)	1.2	(0.7 - 1.9)	1.7	(0.8 - 3.6)	1.6	(0.7 - 3.6)	2.9	(0.8 - 9.7)
	55+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	13.4**	[0.004]	32.1**	[0.000]	4.6	[0.206]	2.3	[0.514]	4.7	[0.199]
Sex	Female	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.5)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.3)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.3)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.2)
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	22.1**	[0.000]	56.9**	[0.000]	49.6**	[0.000]	43.8**	[0.000]	42.5**	[0.000]
Education	Low	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	1.7*	(1.1 - 2.4)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.4)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.2)
	Low/Median	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.9)	1.3	(0.9 - 2.0)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.3)	1	(0.6 - 1.6)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.7)
	Median/High	0.7	(0.3 - 1.6)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.4)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.9)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.9)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.4)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	9.1**	[0.028]	14.8**	[0.002]	7.2	[0.066]	6.8	[0.078]	3.3	[0.342]
Marital status	Never married	1.3	(0.9 - 2.0)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.2)	1.2	(0.8 - 2.0)	1.1	(0.7 - 1.6)	1.8*	(1.1 - 3.0)
	Previously married	0.7	(0.3 - 1.8)	1	(0.7 - 1.4)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.6)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	2.8	[0.248]	0.8	[0.664]	9.2**	[0.010]	9.7**	[0.008]	9.6**	[0.008]
Employment	Homemaker	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.7)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.2)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.1)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.5)
	Retired	5.2	(0.6 - 44.3)	1.7	(0.6 - 4.6)	0.6	(0.2 - 2.0)	0.7	(0.2 - 2.4)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	0.9	(0.4 - 2.1)	1	(0.7 - 1.5)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.2)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.2)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.6)
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	31.9**	[0.000]	25.5**	[0.000]	80.2**	[0.000]	112.0**	[0.000]	4158.6**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.5	(0.2 - 1.1)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.0)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.7)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.8)
	Low-average	0.7	(0.3 - 1.8)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.6)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.2)
	High-average	1.2	(0.5 - 3.0)	1.5*	(1.1 - 2.2)	1	(0.7 - 1.6)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.2)	1	(0.5 - 2.2)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	8.3**	[0.040]	16.2**	[0.001]	27.3**	[0.000]	18.3**	[0.000]	7.5	[0.057]

OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
**Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test*
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control
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Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Colombia

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=2381)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-29	4.9*	(2.0 - 11.7)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	1.4	(0.6 - 3.4)	1.2	(0.5 - 3.0)	1.8	(0.5 - 5.9)
	30-44	3.2*	(1.6 - 6.3)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.5)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.9)	2.2	(0.7 - 7.1)
	45-54	1.9	(0.8 - 4.6)	1.2	(0.7 - 1.9)	1.5	(0.7 - 3.4)	1.5	(0.6 - 3.5)	2.2	(0.6 - 7.7)
	55+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	16.5**	[0.001]	21.1**	[0.000]	3.9	[0.271]	1.5	[0.676]	2.5	[0.467]
Sex	Female	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.7)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.5)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.5)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.3)
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	10.7**	[0.001]	31.5**	[0.000]	23.0**	[0.000]	20.3**	[0.000]	31.5**	[0.000]
Education	Low	1.1	(0.5 - 2.2)	1.8*	(1.2 - 2.8)	1.3	(0.8 - 2.3)	1.5	(0.9 - 2.7)	1	(0.3 - 2.8)
	Low/Median	0.7	(0.3 - 1.4)	1.5	(0.9 - 2.4)	1.3	(0.8 - 2.1)	1.6	(0.9 - 2.7)	1.3	(0.6 - 2.8)
	Median/High	0.8	(0.3 - 2.0)	1	(0.7 - 1.6)	0.6*	(0.3 - 1.0)	0.6	(0.4 - 1.1)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.7)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	3.1	[0.371]	11.9**	[0.008]	12.3**	[0.006]	10.5**	[0.014]	1.8	[0.605]
Marital status	Never married	0.9	(0.5 - 1.4)	1.3	(0.9 - 1.8)	1.3	(0.8 - 2.0)	1.2	(0.8 - 1.9)	2.1*	(1.1 - 4.1)
	Previously married	1.2	(0.5 - 2.9)	1	(0.7 - 1.4)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.4)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.2)	1.2	(0.5 - 3.1)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	0.7	[0.720]	1.9	[0.386]	2.6	[0.271]	3.9	[0.146]	5.7	[0.059]
Employment	Homemaker	0.6	(0.3 - 1.0)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	0.9	(0.2 - 3.8)
	Retired	11.9*	(1.3 - 111.5)	1.3	(0.5 - 3.6)	0.6	(0.1 - 2.6)	0.6	(0.1 - 3.0)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	0.9	(0.4 - 2.3)	1	(0.7 - 1.5)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.4)	0.8	(0.3 - 1.7)
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	8.8**	[0.032]	6.9	[0.076]	12.8**	[0.005]	25.5**	[0.000]	351.1**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.7	(0.3 - 1.7)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	0.3*	(0.1 - 1.0)
	Low-average	0.9	(0.4 - 2.2)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.6)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.3)
	High-average	1.4	(0.5 - 3.8)	1.4	(0.9 - 2.2)	1	(0.6 - 1.5)	0.6	(0.4 - 1.1)	1	(0.4 - 2.2)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	3.9	[0.271]	8.1**	[0.044]	17.1**	[0.001]	11.6**	[0.009]	5.3	[0.153]

* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression modell
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: China

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=1628)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis[1]		Cocaine[1]	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	2.4*	(1.3 - 4.2)	1.3	(0.7 - 2.4)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.2)	.	.	.	.
	35-49	2.5*	(1.5 - 4.3)	2.0*	(1.2 - 3.6)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.2)	.	.	.	.
	50-64	1.7	(0.9 - 3.0)	1.5	(0.9 - 2.8)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.3)	.	.	.	.
	65+	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	15.6**	[0.001]	11.1**	[0.011]	3	[0.385]	.	.	.	.
Sex	Female	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.5)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.1)	1.2	(0.6 - 2.1)	.	.	.	.
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_1 [p]	57.8**	[0.000]	157.5**	[0.000]	0.2	[0.628]	.	.	.	.
Education	Low	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.5)	2.4*	(1.0 - 5.6)	.	.	.	.
	Low/Median	1	(0.6 - 1.4)	2.1*	(1.4 - 3.2)	2.4*	(1.1 - 5.0)	.	.	.	.
	Median/High	1.1	(0.7 - 1.5)	1.6*	(1.2 - 2.3)	1.5	(0.7 - 3.0)	.	.	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	22.2**	[0.000]	18.2**	[0.000]	6.9	[0.074]	.	.	.	.
Marital status	Never married	1.2	(0.8 - 1.9)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.1)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.6)	.	.	.	.
	Previously married	1.5	(0.9 - 2.6)	1.2	(0.7 - 2.0)	1.7	(0.6 - 4.5)	.	.	.	.
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_2 [p]	4.2	[0.124]	2.5	[0.280]	11.5**	[0.003]	.	.	.	.
Employment	Homemaker	0.4	(0.1 - 1.2)	0.7	(0.2 - 2.8)	1.8	(0.3 - 10.1)	.	.	.	.
	Retired	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.7)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	1.8	(0.9 - 3.5)	.	.	.	.
	Other	1	(0.5 - 1.9)	2.3*	(1.3 - 4.2)	2.7*	(1.2 - 6.1)	.	.	.	.
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	16.8**	[0.001]	11.9**	[0.008]	8.0**	[0.046]	.	.	.	.
Income	Low	0.8	(0.4 - 1.5)	1	(0.6 - 1.7)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.9)	.	.	.	.
	Low-average	0.8	(0.5 - 1.3)	1.2	(0.7 - 1.8)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	.	.	.	.
	High-average	1	(0.7 - 1.6)	1.3	(0.9 - 2.0)	0.5*	(0.3 - 1.0)	.	.	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	2.5	[0.476]	3.4	[0.338]	11.8**	[0.008]	.	.	.	.

[1] Drug was omitted due to insufficient cases (n < 30), but it will be included as one of the drugs in any extra-medical drugs

* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control

Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: China

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=1628)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis[1]		Cocaine[1]	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	2.1	(1.0 - 4.7)	4.5*	(1.8 - 11.1)	1.6	(0.5 - 5.1)	.	.	.	.
	35-49	1.9*	(1.1 - 3.6)	3.5*	(1.5 - 8.2)	0.7	(0.2 - 2.3)	.	.	.	.
	50-64	1.4	(0.8 - 2.5)	1.9	(1.0 - 3.9)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.5)	.	.	.	.
	65+	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	5	[0.168]	16.1**	[0.001]	6.7	[0.082]	.	.	.	.
Sex	Female	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.5)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.1)	1	(0.5 - 1.8)	.	.	.	.
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_1 [p]	53.4**	[0.000]	235.7**	[0.000]	0	[0.978]	.	.	.	.
Education	Low	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	1.8*	(1.0 - 3.2)	1.8	(0.8 - 3.9)	.	.	.	.
	Low/Median	1.1	(0.6 - 1.7)	2.5*	(1.4 - 4.2)	2.1*	(1.0 - 4.6)	.	.	.	.
	Median/High	1	(0.6 - 1.7)	1.9*	(1.1 - 3.3)	1.6	(0.8 - 3.5)	.	.	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	3.7	[0.294]	11.9**	[0.008]	4.5	[0.211]	.	.	.	.
Marital status	Never married	0.9	(0.5 - 1.5)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.5)	.	.	.	.
	Previously married	2.4*	(1.4 - 4.3)	2.4*	(1.2 - 5.1)	1.3	(0.5 - 3.4)	.	.	.	.
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_2 [p]	10.2**	[0.006]	14.9**	[0.001]	12.8**	[0.002]	.	.	.	.
Employment	Homemaker	1.1	(0.3 - 3.6)	3	(0.7 - 12.2)	1.3	(0.3 - 6.5)	.	.	.	.
	Retired	0.9	(0.5 - 1.4)	1.5	(1.0 - 2.3)	1.5	(0.5 - 4.1)	.	.	.	.
	Other	0.9	(0.5 - 1.6)	2.0*	(1.1 - 3.7)	2.1	(1.0 - 4.7)	.	.	.	.
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	0.4	[0.938]	8.4**	[0.038]	4	[0.259]	.	.	.	.
Income	Low	0.7	(0.3 - 1.5)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.1)	0.9	(0.3 - 2.6)	.	.	.	.
	Low-average	0.8	(0.5 - 1.5)	1.1	(0.7 - 1.9)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.9)	.	.	.	.
	High-average	1.1	(0.7 - 1.7)	1.2	(0.7 - 1.9)	0.5*	(0.2 - 0.9)	.	.	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	2.7	[0.436]	9.0**	[0.029]	8.2**	[0.043]	.	.	.	.

[1] Drug was omitted due to insufficient cases (n < 30), but it will be included as one of the drugs in any extra-medical drugs
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: France

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=1436)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco[1]		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	3.5*	(1.6 - 7.6)	.	.	5.1*	(2.9 - 9.0)	66.7*	(8.2 - 543.0)	12424*	(6255.6 - 24674.1)
	35-49	2.7	(0.8 - 8.5)	.	.	2.2*	(1.3 - 3.6)	16.0*	(2.1 - 121.8)	7504.8*	(3390.4 - 16612.0)
	50-64	1.8	(0.5 - 6.0)	.	.	1.6	(0.8 - 3.0)	4.7	(0.6 - 37.1)	3912.6*	(943.3 - 16228.9)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	23.1**	[0.000]	.	.	46.4**	[0.000]	74.8**	[0.000]	1226.3**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.2)	.	.	0.9	(0.7 - 1.3)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.0)	0.4	(0.2 - 1.1)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	36.7**	[0.000]	.	.	0.1	[0.746]	3.7	[0.055]	3.6	[0.057]
Marital status	Never married	0.9	(0.5 - 1.7)	.	.	1.6*	(1.0 - 2.5)	3.0*	(2.1 - 4.3)	2.8*	(1.0 - 7.5)
	Previously married	0.6	(0.2 - 1.7)	.	.	0.9	(0.6 - 1.2)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.3)	0.5	(0.1 - 2.0)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	1.1	[0.584]	.	.	6.8**	[0.033]	43.5**	[0.000]	6.7**	[0.035]
Employment	Homemaker	0.3*	(0.1 - 1.0)	.	.	0.5	(0.3 - 1.1)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.8)	0.2	(0.0 - 2.3)
	Retired	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.7)	.	.	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.2)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	0.9	(0.4 - 2.4)	.	.	1.8*	(1.0 - 3.4)	1.9	(0.9 - 4.4)	3.0*	(1.3 - 6.9)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	29.1**	[0.000]	.	.	38.2**	[0.000]	30.0**	[0.000]	2307.9**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.2)	.	.	0.8	(0.5 - 1.4)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.4)	0.3	(0.1 - 1.9)
	Low-average	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.4)	.	.	0.6	(0.4 - 1.1)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	0.5	(0.1 - 2.8)
	High-average	0.2*	(0.1 - 1.0)	.	.	0.6	(0.3 - 1.1)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.4)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	45.8**	[0.000]	.	.	5.4	[0.143]	1.8	[0.608]	7.7	[0.053]

[1] Drug was not accessed
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control

NOTE: Education was not accessed
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: France

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Alcohol		Tobacco[1]		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	2.5	(0.5 - 12.3)	.	.	6.8*	(3.0 - 15.3)	117.3*	(11.7 - 1180.5)	85.7*	(26.3 - 279.3)
	35-49	1.5	(0.3 - 7.2)	.	.	2.7*	(1.3 - 5.4)	25.7*	(2.6 - 254.0)	66.3*	(13.1 - 335.4)
	50-64	1.2	(0.3 - 5.3)	.	.	1.7	(0.8 - 3.6)	5.3	(0.5 - 56.1)	38.5*	(13.2 - 112.3)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	3.2	[0.369]	.	.	29.0**	[0.000]	107.8**	[0.000]	125.8**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.2)	.	.	1	(0.7 - 1.5)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.1)	0.4	(0.2 - 1.3)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	36.2**	[0.000]	.	.	0	[0.954]	2.6	[0.106]	2.6	[0.109]
Marital status	Never married	0.5*	(0.2 - 0.9)	.	.	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	1	(0.7 - 1.6)	1.4	(0.3 - 7.9)
	Previously married	1.1	(0.4 - 3.0)	.	.	1.3	(0.9 - 1.9)	3.4*	(1.7 - 7.1)	1.2	(0.3 - 4.7)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	5	[0.082]	.	.	4.1	[0.130]	12.1**	[0.002]	0.4	[0.834]
Employment	Homemaker	0.8	(0.2 - 2.7)	.	.	0.6	(0.3 - 1.5)	0.5	(0.1 - 2.1)	0.7	(0.1 - 6.1)
	Retired	0.5	(0.1 - 2.2)	.	.	1.1	(0.6 - 1.9)	0.9	(0.2 - 4.5)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	1.6	(0.5 - 5.3)	.	.	1.5	(0.8 - 2.8)	1.4	(0.6 - 3.7)	3.5*	(1.2 - 10.2)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	2.3	[0.514]	.	.	4.1	[0.249]	1.8	[0.606]	466.5**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.2)	.	.	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	0.2*	(0.0 - 0.9)
	Low-average	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.4)	.	.	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.7)	0.3	(0.1 - 1.5)
	High-average	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.9)	.	.	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.9)	0.5*	(0.3 - 1.0)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.6)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	42.0**	[0.000]	.	.	10.1**	[0.018]	9.6**	[0.022]	15.1**	[0.002]

Part II Sample (n=1436)

[1] Drug was not accessed
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model

NOTE: Education was not accessed
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Germany

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Alcohol		Tobacco[1]		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	5.4*	(2.9 - 10.1)	.	.	3.0*	(1.7 - 5.0)	22.6*	(4.8 - 107.0)	20783*	(9709.8 - 44484.5)
	35-49	2.2*	(1.0 - 5.0)	.	.	2.4*	(1.5 - 3.8)	7.3*	(1.5 - 35.2)	9235.2*	(4245.8 - 20088.1)
	50-64	2.4*	(1.0 - 5.6)	.	.	2.0*	(1.3 - 3.3)	2.2	(0.4 - 13.5)	1	(1.0 - 1.1)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	36.6**	[0.000]	.	.	21.3**	[0.000]	60.2**	[0.000]	1277.9**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	.	.	1.2	(0.9 - 1.6)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.8)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.5)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	19.8**	[0.000]	.	.	2	[0.159]	9.0**	[0.003]	14.4**	[0.000]
Education	Low	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.6)	.	.	0.6	(0.2 - 1.6)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.4)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.5)
	Low/Median	0.1*	(0.0 - 1.0)	.	.	1.2	(0.4 - 3.4)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.5)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.8)
	Median/High	0.1*	(0.0 - 1.0)	.	.	1.3	(0.5 - 3.7)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.6)	0.3	(0.1 - 1.6)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	7.7	[0.054]	.	.	19.2**	[0.000]	37.0**	[0.000]	9.2**	[0.027]
Marital status	Never married	2.2	(0.9 - 5.2)	.	.	1.1	(0.7 - 1.8)	4.5*	(2.9 - 7.1)	21.7*	(5.8 - 81.7)
	Previously married	0.7	(0.2 - 2.4)	.	.	0.8	(0.5 - 1.2)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.5)	7.4*	(1.6 - 34.0)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	14.6**	[0.001]	.	.	2.6	[0.275]	45.6**	[0.000]	22.8**	[0.000]
Employment	Homemaker	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.7)	.	.	0.9	(0.5 - 1.7)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.6)	0.2	(0.0 - 1.7)
	Retired	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	.	.	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.7)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.3)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	1.8	(0.5 - 6.8)	.	.	1.3	(0.7 - 2.6)	1.3	(0.6 - 2.7)	2.9	(1.0 - 9.0)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	16.1**	[0.001]	.	.	14.5**	[0.002]	27.1**	[0.000]	1114.2**	[0.000]
Income	Low	1	(0.3 - 3.4)	.	.	1.2	(0.7 - 2.0)	1.6	(0.9 - 2.7)	2.9*	(1.1 - 7.4)
	Low-average	2.1	(0.6 - 7.0)	.	.	1	(0.7 - 1.6)	1.1	(0.7 - 1.8)	1.9	(0.4 - 8.5)
	High-average	0.9	(0.3 - 2.5)	.	.	0.9	(0.6 - 1.4)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.6)	0.5	(0.1 - 2.8)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	2.9	[0.410]	.	.	2.9	[0.409]	4	[0.263]	9.4**	[0.024]

[1] Drug was not accessed
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Alcohol OR	(95% CI)	Tobacco[1] OR	(95% CI)	Any extra-medical drugs OR	(95% CI)	Cannabis OR	(95% CI)	Cocaine OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	7.9*	(1.1 - 55.0)	.	.	2.6*	(1.3 - 5.6)	9.0*	(1.7 - 46.6)	227.0*	(40.3 - 1277.7)
	35-49	3.7	(0.8 - 18.2)	.	.	2.2*	(1.1 - 4.3)	3.8	(0.7 - 19.5)	297.7*	(94.9 - 933.5)
	50-64	4.4*	(1.8 - 10.6)	.	.	2.1*	(1.1 - 3.7)	1.5	(0.3 - 8.6)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	13.3**	[0.004]	.	.	7.8**	[0.050]	17.5**	[0.001]	235.3**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	.	.	1.4*	(1.0 - 1.8)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.5)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	17.7**	[0.000]	.	.	4.8**	[0.029]	6.8**	[0.009]	11.3**	[0.001]
Education	Low	0.1	(0.0 - 1.3)	.	.	0.6	(0.3 - 1.5)	0.3*	(0.1 - 1.0)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.7)
	Low/Median	0.2	(0.0 - 1.6)	.	.	1.1	(0.4 - 2.7)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.6)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.4)
	Median/High	0.2	(0.0 - 1.2)	.	.	1.2	(0.5 - 3.1)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.5)	0.2	(0.1 - 1.2)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	3.8	[0.279]	.	.	8.0**	[0.046]	24.2**	[0.000]	14.7**	[0.002]
Marital status	Never married	1.2	(0.5 - 2.7)	.	.	0.8	(0.5 - 1.3)	1.7	(0.7 - 3.7)	9.0*	(1.2 - 65.4)
	Previously married	2	(0.5 - 7.2)	.	.	1	(0.6 - 1.5)	1.6	(0.9 - 2.8)	19.9*	(3.0 - 129.6)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	1.2	[0.546]	.	.	1.2	[0.558]	5.7	[0.059]	10.5**	[0.005]
Employment	Homemaker	0.8	(0.2 - 2.8)	.	.	1	(0.5 - 1.8)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.7)	4	(0.5 - 30.6)
	Retired	1.9	(0.5 - 7.5)	.	.	1.1	(0.7 - 1.9)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.7)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	1.3	(0.3 - 5.5)	.	.	1.4	(0.7 - 2.9)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.9)	1.2	(0.3 - 4.8)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	3.7	[0.293]	.	.	1.5	[0.692]	1.9	[0.599]	169.8**	[0.000]
Income	Low	1	(0.3 - 4.2)	.	.	1.1	(0.6 - 1.8)	1	(0.5 - 2.0)	2.1	(0.6 - 7.3)
	Low-average	3.2	(0.8 - 12.6)	.	.	1.1	(0.7 - 1.8)	1.2	(0.6 - 2.2)	3.2	(0.6 - 17.5)
	High-average	1.2	(0.4 - 3.2)	.	.	0.9	(0.6 - 1.5)	1	(0.5 - 1.8)	0.6	(0.1 - 4.0)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	5.3	[0.148]	.	.	1.1	[0.785]	0.5	[0.916]	4.6	[0.205]

[1] Drug was not accessed
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Israel

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Alcohol OR	Alcohol (95% CI)	Tobacco OR	Tobacco (95% CI)	Any extra-medical drugs OR	Any extra-medical drugs (95% CI)	Cannabis OR	Cannabis (95% CI)	Cocaine OR	Cocaine (95% CI)
Cohort	21-34	2.0*	(1.7 - 2.3)	1.2*	(1.0 - 1.5)	15.8*	(8.9 - 27.9)	40.9*	(16.8 - 99.8)	7739.7*	(5233.5 - 11446.1)
	35-49	1.7*	(1.4 - 2.0)	1.4*	(1.2 - 1.6)	9.1*	(5.1 - 16.3)	22.4*	(9.1 - 55.3)	5498.6*	(3235.0 - 9346.1)
	50-64	1.6*	(1.3 - 1.9)	1.5*	(1.2 - 1.8)	5.4*	(2.9 - 9.9)	10.9*	(4.3 - 27.4)	2514.4*	(1030.3 - 6135.9)
	65+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	68.8**	[0.000]	20.8**	[0.000]	148.3**	[0.000]	149.0**	[0.000]	3240.3**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.3*	(0.3 - 0.3)	0.3*	(0.3 - 0.4)	0.5*	(0.5 - 0.6)	0.4*	(0.4 - 0.5)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	393.7**	[0.000]	366.2**	[0.000]	48.2**	[0.000]	82.2**	[0.000]	16.6**	[0.000]
Education	Low	0.2*	(0.2 - 0.3)	1.4*	(1.2 - 1.7)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)	1.1	(0.4 - 2.6)
	Low/Median	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	1.6*	(1.4 - 1.9)	1	(0.8 - 1.2)	1	(0.8 - 1.2)	1.3	(0.6 - 2.6)
	Median/High	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.7)	1.5*	(1.2 - 1.8)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.8)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.3)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	257.2**	[0.000]	36.7**	[0.000]	36.3**	[0.000]	37.6**	[0.000]	4.1	[0.247]
Marital status	Never married	2.4*	(2.0 - 2.8)	1.2*	(1.0 - 1.4)	3.0*	(2.5 - 3.6)	3.5*	(2.9 - 4.3)	2.3*	(1.2 - 4.6)
	Previously married	0.9	(0.7 - 1.0)	0.9	(0.8 - 1.1)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.2)	1.9	(0.9 - 4.3)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	106.7**	[0.000]	7.6**	[0.022]	139.8**	[0.000]	167.8**	[0.000]	6.8**	[0.033]
Employment	Homemaker	0.2*	(0.2 - 0.3)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.5)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.5)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	0.3	(0.0 - 2.1)
	Retired	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.8)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.2)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.1)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.9	(0.8 - 1.1)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.8)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.7)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.7)
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	188.8**	[0.000]	61.5**	[0.000]	87.4**	[0.000]	81.2**	[0.000]	3223.0**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.4)	0.8*	(0.6 - 0.9)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.4)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.4)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.3)
	Low-average	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.7)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.0)	0.4*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.1)
	High-average	0.8*	(0.6 - 0.9)	0.9	(0.8 - 1.1)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.8)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.8)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.2)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	112.4**	[0.000]	8.3**	[0.040]	74.6**	[0.000]	72.8**	[0.000]	4.4	[0.220]

Part I Sample (n=4859)

* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Israel

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part I Sample (n=4859)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	21-34	1.4*	(1.1 - 2.0)	1	(0.8 - 1.4)	10.5*	(4.9 - 22.4)	21.7*	(7.0 - 67.1)	1245.5*	(599.5 - 2587.5)
	35-49	1.8*	(1.3 - 2.4)	1.4*	(1.0 - 1.8)	8.3*	(3.9 - 17.6)	16.5*	(5.3 - 51.1)	855.1*	(418.5 - 1747.4)
	50-64	1.7*	(1.3 - 2.3)	1.5*	(1.1 - 1.9)	4.5*	(2.2 - 9.4)	7.7*	(2.5 - 23.3)	378.8*	(205.4 - 698.6)
	65+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	19.3**	[0.000]	19.2**	[0.000]	53.7**	[0.000]	55.0**	[0.000]	1125.4**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.3)	0.3*	(0.3 - 0.4)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.7)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.5)
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	327.1**	[0.000]	303.2**	[0.000]	26.1**	[0.000]	49.0**	[0.000]	10.8**	[0.001]
Education	Low	0.2*	(0.2 - 0.3)	1.6*	(1.3 - 2.0)	1	(0.7 - 1.4)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)	1.8	(0.7 - 5.1)
	Low/Median	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	1.8*	(1.5 - 2.1)	1	(0.8 - 1.2)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.2)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.7)
	Median/High	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.7)	1.5*	(1.2 - 1.8)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.7*	(0.5 - 1.0)	0.3	(0.1 - 1.2)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	167.7**	[0.000]	46.5**	[0.000]	6.6	[0.084]	4	[0.266]	6	[0.111]
Marital status	Never married	2.6*	(2.1 - 3.3)	1.2	(1.0 - 1.4)	2.0*	(1.6 - 2.5)	2.2*	(1.7 - 2.9)	1.3	(0.6 - 2.9)
	Previously married	1.3*	(1.1 - 1.6)	1.3*	(1.1 - 1.6)	1.4*	(1.0 - 1.9)	1.7*	(1.2 - 2.4)	4.5*	(1.8 - 11.1)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	79.8**	[0.000]	9.2**	[0.010]	33.5**	[0.000]	42.8**	[0.000]	10.8**	[0.005]
Employment	Homemaker	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.3)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.2)	1	(0.1 - 10.8)
	Retired	1.2	(0.9 - 1.5)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.2)	0.4	(0.2 - 1.2)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	0.8*	(0.6 - 1.0)	1.1	(0.9 - 1.3)	1	(0.7 - 1.3)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	0.8	(0.3 - 1.9)
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	8.0**	[0.045]	8.6**	[0.035]	2.7	[0.444]	5.2	[0.161]	305.7**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.2*	(0.2 - 0.4)	0.2*	(0.2 - 0.3)	0.5	(0.1 - 1.5)
	Low-average	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.9)	0.8*	(0.7 - 1.0)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.5)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.5)	0.4	(0.2 - 1.1)
	High-average	0.9	(0.7 - 1.1)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.0)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.8)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.8)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.5)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	36.5**	[0.000]	11.3**	[0.010]	81.3**	[0.000]	72.7**	[0.000]	3.3	[0.352]

*OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression modell
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Italy

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=1779)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco[1]		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	1.5*	(1.0 - 2.3)	.	.	2.3*	(1.6 - 3.4)	123.7*	(14.8 - 1031.8)	1.1	(0.1 - 10.6)
	35-49	1.3	(0.9 - 1.8)	.	.	2.3*	(1.6 - 3.3)	63.3*	(7.9 - 508.3)	4.1	(0.5 - 34.7)
	50-64	1.3	(0.9 - 2.0)	.	.	1.8*	(1.3 - 2.6)	10.5	(0.6 - 196.6)	1.1	(0.1 - 12.2)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	4.9	[0.176]	.	.	28.1**	[0.000]	164.1**	[0.000]	5.5	[0.138]
Sex	Female	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.4)	.	.	1.2	(0.9 - 1.5)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	0.3	(0.1 - 1.1)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	87.7**	[0.000]	.	.	1.2	[0.266]	24.1**	[0.000]	3.4	[0.067]
Education	Low	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	.	.	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.5)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Low/Median	0.6*	(0.4 - 1.0)	.	.	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	0.4	(0.1 - 2.2)
	Median/High	0.9	(0.6 - 1.4)	.	.	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	1.1	(0.3 - 4.7)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	17.9**	[0.000]	.	.	31.0**	[0.000]	77.2**	[0.000]	1078.3**	[0.000]
Marital status	Never married	0.9	(0.7 - 1.2)	.	.	1.2	(0.9 - 1.7)	3.8*	(2.6 - 5.5)	1.5	(0.4 - 6.1)
	Previously married	0.8	(0.5 - 1.2)	.	.	1	(0.7 - 1.5)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.5)	1.3	(0.2 - 10.9)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	1.5	[0.463]	.	.	2	[0.371]	58.8**	[0.000]	0.4	[0.831]
Employment	Homemaker	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.7)	.	.	0.6	(0.4 - 1.0)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.4)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Retired	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	.	.	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.1)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	.	.	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.8)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	1.7	(0.5 - 6.3)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	26.2**	[0.000]	.	.	27.7**	[0.000]	28.7**	[0.000]	1264.0**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	.	.	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.1)	1.5	(0.3 - 7.0)
	Low-average	1	(0.7 - 1.6)	.	.	0.7*	(0.5 - 1.0)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.8)	0.6	(0.1 - 5.8)
	High-average	1	(0.6 - 1.6)	.	.	0.9	(0.6 - 1.2)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.3)	1.5	(0.3 - 8.5)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	4.9	[0.183]	.	.	27.9**	[0.000]	4.1	[0.249]	2.2	[0.533]

[1] Drug was not accessed
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Italy

		Part II Sample (n=1779)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco[1]		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	2.1*	(1.1 - 4.0)	.	.	1.8	(1.0 - 3.2)	28.8*	(4.2 - 200.3)	0	(0.0 - 1.2)
	35-49	1.5	(0.8 - 2.7)	.	.	1.8*	(1.0 - 3.1)	21.5*	(3.4 - 138.2)	0.2	(0.0 - 3.0)
	50-64	1.5	(0.9 - 2.5)	.	.	1.6*	(1.1 - 2.6)	5	(0.3 - 75.1)	0.1	(0.0 - 1.3)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	7.5	[0.057]	.	.	6.2	[0.100]	33.0**	[0.000]	6.6	[0.086]
Sex	Female	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.4)	.	.	1.5*	(1.1 - 2.0)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.4)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	67.5**	[0.000]	.	.	7.2**	[0.007]	14.0**	[0.000]	2.2	[0.137]
Education	Low	0.7	(0.4 - 1.3)	.	.	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.3)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Low/Median	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	.	.	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.6)	0.4	(0.1 - 2.0)
	Median/High	0.9	(0.6 - 1.5)	.	.	0.8	(0.5 - 1.2)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	1.1	(0.4 - 3.4)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	2.1	[0.553]	.	.	9.0**	[0.029]	31.7**	[0.000]	141.5**	[0.000]
Marital status	Never married	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	.	.	0.9	(0.6 - 1.4)	1.6	(0.9 - 2.8)	1.8	(0.2 - 15.1)
	Previously married	1.1	(0.7 - 1.8)	.	.	1.3	(0.9 - 1.9)	1.8	(0.9 - 3.8)	1.8	(0.2 - 17.6)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	8.8**	[0.012]	.	.	2.1	[0.354]	3.9	[0.143]	0.4	[0.832]
Employment	Homemaker	1	(0.6 - 1.5)	.	.	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	0.6	(0.1 - 2.9)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Retired	1.4	(0.9 - 2.2)	.	.	0.8	(0.5 - 1.3)	0.7	(0.1 - 5.0)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	0.9	(0.6 - 1.4)	.	.	0.7	(0.5 - 1.2)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	3.4	(0.6 - 19.1)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	3.2	[0.361]	.	.	3.1	[0.373]	7.6	[0.055]	946.8**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.8	(0.4 - 1.3)	.	.	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.6)	1.7	(0.3 - 9.4)
	Low-average	1.2	(0.8 - 2.0)	.	.	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.1)	1	(0.1 - 10.6)
	High-average	1.2	(0.7 - 1.8)	.	.	0.9	(0.6 - 1.2)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.7)	2	(0.3 - 13.8)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	4.8	[0.187]	.	.	26.6**	[0.000]	1	[0.790]	2	[0.575]

[1] Drug was not accessed
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Japan

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Alcohol		Tobacco[1]		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis[2]		Cocaine[2]	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	7.4*	(2.9 - 19.0)	.	.	3.2*	(1.0 - 10.4)	.	.	.	.
	35-49	9.1*	(2.8 - 29.6)	.	.	3.3*	(1.0 - 11.3)	.	.	.	.
	50-64	2.8*	(1.2 - 6.6)	.	.	2	(0.8 - 5.4)	.	.	.	.
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	27.8**	[0.000]	.	.	4.9	[0.177]	.	.	.	.
Sex	Female	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.7)	.	.	0.5	(0.3 - 1.0)	.	.	.	.
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_1 [p]	9.6**	[0.002]	.	.	3.7	[0.056]	.	.	.	.
Education	Low	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.3)	.	.	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.6)	.	.	.	.
	Low/Median	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.9)	.	.	0.7	(0.3 - 1.6)	.	.	.	.
	Median/High	0.4	(0.1 - 2.3)	.	.	0.7	(0.3 - 1.6)	.	.	.	.
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	42.6**	[0.000]	.	.	12.3**	[0.006]	.	.	.	.
Marital status	Never married	1.3	(0.5 - 3.3)	.	.	0.8	(0.3 - 1.9)	.	.	.	.
	Previously married	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.5)	.	.	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.9)	.	.	.	.
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_2 [p]	19.7**	[0.000]	.	.	4.7	[0.094]	.	.	.	.
Employment	Homemaker	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	.	.	0.6	(0.2 - 1.5)	.	.	.	.
	Retired	0.5	(0.1 - 1.5)	.	.	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.9)	.	.	.	.
	Other	0.5	(0.1 - 1.8)	.	.	0.4	(0.1 - 2.0)	.	.	.	.
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	27.3**	[0.000]	.	.	5.5	[0.141]	.	.	.	.
Income	Low	0.4	(0.1 - 1.2)	.	.	0.7	(0.3 - 1.8)	.	.	.	.
	Low-average	0.9	(0.3 - 2.5)	.	.	0.5*	(0.2 - 1.0)	.	.	.	.
	High-average	0.8	(0.2 - 2.4)	.	.	0.7	(0.3 - 1.7)	.	.	.	.
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	4.2	[0.241]	.	.	3.9	[0.274]	.	.	.	.

[1] Drug was not accessed
[2] Drug was omitted due to insufficient cases (n < 30), but it will be included as one of the drugs in any extra-medical drugs
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Japan

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Alcohol		Tobacco[1]		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis[2]		Cocaine[2]	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	8.6*	(1.0 - 71.7)	.	.	2.4	(0.4 - 12.9)	.	.	.	.
	35-49	7.4*	(1.5 - 37.4)	.	.	1.7	(0.4 - 7.3)	.	.	.	.
	50-64	1.5	(0.5 - 4.6)	.	.	1	(0.3 - 3.0)	.	.	.	.
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	7.3	[0.062]	.	.	2.2	[0.532]	.	.	.	.
Sex	Female	0.5	(0.2 - 1.1)	.	.	0.6	(0.3 - 1.3)	.	.	.	.
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_1 [p]	3.1	[0.078]	.	.	2.1	[0.152]	.	.	.	.
Education	Low	0.3	(0.1 - 1.4)	.	.	0.6	(0.2 - 1.8)	.	.	.	.
	Low/Median	0.4	(0.1 - 1.3)	.	.	1	(0.4 - 2.5)	.	.	.	.
	Median/High	0.4	(0.1 - 2.0)	.	.	0.8	(0.3 - 2.3)	.	.	.	.
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	3.2	[0.362]	.	.	1.4	[0.716]	.	.	.	.
Marital status	Never married	0.4	(0.1 - 2.0)	.	.	0.4	(0.1 - 1.2)	.	.	.	.
	Previously married	0.6	(0.3 - 1.4)	.	.	0.5	(0.2 - 1.5)	.	.	.	.
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_2 [p]	2.1	[0.344]	.	.	4.8	[0.091]	.	.	.	.
Employment	Homemaker	0.7	(0.3 - 1.7)	.	.	0.9	(0.3 - 2.6)	.	.	.	.
	Retired	1.2	(0.4 - 3.6)	.	.	0.4	(0.1 - 1.5)	.	.	.	.
	Other	1.1	(0.2 - 5.3)	.	.	0.6	(0.1 - 2.9)	.	.	.	.
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	1	[0.804]	.	.	2.2	[0.529]	.	.	.	.
Income	Low	0.3*	(0.1 - 1.0)	.	.	1	(0.3 - 3.2)	.	.	.	.
	Low-average	1	(0.4 - 2.6)	.	.	0.5	(0.2 - 1.3)	.	.	.	.
	High-average	0.8	(0.2 - 2.5)	.	.	0.8	(0.3 - 2.0)	.	.	.	.
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	.	.	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	7.9**	[0.048]	.	.	2.7	[0.438]	.	.	.	.

Part II Sample (n=887)

[1] Drug was not accessed

[2] Drug was omitted due to insufficient cases (n < 30), but it will be included as one of the drugs in any extra-medical drugs

* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model

Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Lebanon

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=1031)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine[1]	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	1.2	(0.6 - 2.0)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.2)	2.2	(0.7 - 7.3)	3.8	(0.9 - 16.0)	.	.
	35-49	1.9*	(1.0 - 3.8)	3.3*	(1.7 - 6.4)	2.4	(0.9 - 6.7)	4.3*	(1.3 - 14.4)	.	.
	50-64	1.9*	(1.1 - 3.4)	1.1	(0.6 - 1.9)	2.4	(0.5 - 10.9)	3.2	(0.3 - 28.6)	.	.
	65+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	10.5**	[0.015]	25.4**	[0.000]	3.2	[0.366]	9.1**	[0.029]	.	.
Sex	Female	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.4)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.7)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.5)	.	.
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_1 [p]	48.4**	[0.000]	23.9**	[0.000]	10.1**	[0.001]	15.5**	[0.000]	.	.
Education	Low	0.5	(0.3 - 1.1)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.3)	0.9	(0.3 - 2.8)	1.3	(0.3 - 5.1)	.	.
	Low/Median	0.6	(0.3 - 1.4)	1.5	(0.8 - 2.8)	0.7	(0.2 - 2.3)	0.8	(0.1 - 4.5)	.	.
	Median/High	0.8	(0.4 - 1.7)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.7)	0.7	(0.2 - 2.1)	0.9	(0.3 - 3.3)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	3.7	[0.293]	6.5	[0.089]	0.6	[0.888]	0.7	[0.880]	.	.
Marital status	Never married	1	(0.6 - 1.5)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.5)	1.1	(0.4 - 3.0)	1.5	(0.5 - 4.7)	.	.
	Previously married	0.5*	(0.2 - 0.9)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.9)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.2)	.	.
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_2 [p]	5.2	[0.074]	0.7	[0.707]	7.2**	[0.027]	5.9	[0.052]	.	.
Employment	Homemaker	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.5)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.8)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.6)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.4)	.	.
	Retired	2.1	(0.8 - 5.4)	1	(0.3 - 3.9)	0.6	(0.1 - 3.0)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.5)	.	.
	Other	0.5	(0.2 - 1.2)	0.8	(0.3 - 2.3)	0.5	(0.1 - 1.5)	0.4	(0.1 - 2.0)	.	.
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	35.6**	[0.000]	12.0**	[0.007]	11.9**	[0.008]	18.6**	[0.000]	.	.
Income	Low	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.6)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.5)	0.8	(0.2 - 3.5)	0.9	(0.2 - 5.2)	.	.
	Low-average	0.6	(0.3 - 1.0)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.3)	1.3	(0.5 - 3.3)	1.7	(0.6 - 4.3)	.	.
	High-average	0.7	(0.4 - 1.3)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.8)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.8)	1.1	(0.3 - 3.8)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	14.6**	[0.002]	3.1	[0.372]	1	[0.805]	1.8	[0.607]	.	.

[1] Drug was omitted due to insufficient cases (n < 30), but it will be included as one of the drugs in any extra-medical drugs
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Lebanon

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=1031)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine[1]	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	0.9	(0.4 - 1.8)	1.4	(0.7 - 2.9)	2.3	(0.6 - 8.4)	3.2	(0.5 - 20.9)	.	.
	35-49	2	(0.9 - 4.1)	4.2*	(2.0 - 8.7)	2	(0.7 - 6.4)	3.3	(0.7 - 15.0)	.	.
	50-64	2.3*	(1.4 - 3.7)	1.2	(0.7 - 2.2)	2.4	(0.6 - 10.3)	3.1	(0.3 - 32.9)	.	.
	65+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	18.6**	[0.000]	30.0**	[0.000]	2	[0.563]	2.8	[0.418]	.	.
Sex	Female	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.6	(0.2 - 1.5)	0.3	(0.1 - 1.1)	.	.
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_1 [p]	13.1**	[0.000]	11.5**	[0.001]	1.6	[0.211]	3.6	[0.056]	.	.
Education	Low	0.5	(0.2 - 1.3)	1.2	(0.5 - 3.1)	1.2	(0.3 - 4.1)	1.8	(0.4 - 8.4)	.	.
	Low/Median	0.7	(0.3 - 1.7)	1.8	(0.9 - 3.6)	0.8	(0.2 - 2.9)	1	(0.2 - 5.7)	.	.
	Median/High	1	(0.5 - 2.2)	1	(0.5 - 2.1)	0.7	(0.2 - 2.4)	0.9	(0.2 - 4.2)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	3.5	[0.323]	6.4	[0.095]	0.6	[0.907]	1.2	[0.760]	.	.
Marital status	Never married	1.3	(0.7 - 2.4)	0.9	(0.4 - 2.2)	0.8	(0.3 - 1.9)	1.1	(0.3 - 3.4)	.	.
	Previously married	0.8	(0.4 - 1.7)	1.6	(0.7 - 3.6)	0.6	(0.2 - 1.5)	0.9	(0.3 - 3.0)	.	.
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_2 [p]	1.6	[0.438]	1.6	[0.445]	1.8	[0.403]	0.1	[0.960]	.	.
Employment	Homemaker	1	(0.5 - 1.9)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.4)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.1)	0.3	(0.1 - 1.4)	.	.
	Retired	1.8	(0.6 - 5.6)	0.9	(0.2 - 4.2)	0.8	(0.2 - 3.8)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.7)	.	.
	Other	0.7	(0.3 - 1.6)	0.9	(0.4 - 2.5)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.6)	0.5	(0.1 - 2.2)	.	.
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	2.1	[0.548]	0.1	[0.987]	5	[0.174]	6.2	[0.100]	.	.
Income	Low	0.4*	(0.2 - 1.0)	0.8	(0.3 - 1.9)	1.3	(0.3 - 5.6)	1.3	(0.3 - 7.0)	.	.
	Low-average	0.7	(0.4 - 1.3)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.4)	1.6	(0.6 - 4.3)	1.8	(0.6 - 5.6)	.	.
	High-average	0.7	(0.4 - 1.4)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.8)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.8)	1.1	(0.4 - 3.2)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	4.4	[0.224]	1.1	[0.769]	0.9	[0.833]	1.6	[0.668]	.	.

[1] Drug was omitted due to insufficient cases (n < 30), but it will be included as one of the drugs in any extra-medical drugs
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model
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Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Mexico

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Alcohol OR	(95% CI)	Tobacco OR	(95% CI)	Any extra-medical drugs OR	(95% CI)	Cannabis OR	(95% CI)	Cocaine OR	(95% CI)
						Part II Sample (n=2362)					
Cohort	18-29	1.4	(0.8 - 2.3)	1.2	(0.8 - 1.9)	3.8*	(1.9 - 7.4)	2.9*	(1.3 - 6.4)	35.9*	(4.7 - 275.7)
	30-44	1.5	(0.9 - 2.5)	1.2	(0.8 - 1.8)	1.8	(0.9 - 3.7)	1.6	(0.7 - 3.8)	9.2*	(1.3 - 67.4)
	45-54	1.5	(0.8 - 3.0)	1.5	(1.0 - 2.4)	1.8	(0.8 - 4.1)	1.8	(0.7 - 4.6)	10.8*	(1.3 - 93.0)
	55+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	2.9	[0.413]	4	[0.266]	27.5**	[0.000]	17.0**	[0.001]	35.7**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.5)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.4)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.2)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.2)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.2)
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	21.2**	[0.000]	91.5**	[0.000]	105.1**	[0.000]	96.0**	[0.000]	56.4**	[0.000]
Education	Low	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.7)	0.7*	(0.5 - 1.0)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.4)	0.9	(0.3 - 2.2)
	Low/Median	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.5)	1.3	(0.8 - 2.2)	1.6	(1.0 - 2.8)	1	(0.4 - 2.7)
	Median/High	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	1.3	(0.9 - 1.8)	2.1*	(1.3 - 3.4)	2.3*	(1.3 - 3.9)	1.8	(0.8 - 4.2)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	15.2**	[0.002]	18.7**	[0.000]	17.8**	[0.000]	15.3**	[0.002]	8.2**	[0.042]
Marital status	Never married	0.8	(0.5 - 1.1)	1	(0.7 - 1.4)	1.1	(0.7 - 1.7)	1.3	(0.8 - 1.9)	1.4	(0.7 - 2.6)
	Previously married	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.7)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)	1.2	(0.7 - 2.3)	1	(0.5 - 1.9)	2.2	(1.0 - 5.2)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	12.9**	[0.002]	0.6	[0.751]	0.5	[0.762]	1.1	[0.566]	3.9	[0.144]
Employment	Homemaker	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.5)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.5)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.2)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.4)
	Retired	0.7	(0.2 - 2.4)	1.5	(0.6 - 4.0)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.7)	0.5	(0.1 - 2.0)	0.3	(0.0 - 2.3)
	Other	0.7	(0.2 - 2.8)	1.5	(0.7 - 3.2)	1.5	(0.8 - 3.1)	1.5	(0.7 - 3.0)	3.0*	(1.3 - 7.3)
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	32.7**	[0.000]	59.7**	[0.000]	43.2**	[0.000]	50.6**	[0.000]	25.4**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.3)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.2)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.8)
	Low-average	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.7)	1	(0.7 - 1.4)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.4)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.4)	1.4	(0.6 - 3.1)
	High-average	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.8)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.4)	1.3	(0.8 - 2.2)	1.6	(0.9 - 2.9)	1.4	(0.6 - 3.0)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	17.8**	[0.000]	3.3	[0.344]	6.4	[0.092]	17.1**	[0.001]	1	[0.810]

italic:
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Mexico

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=2362)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-29	1.3	(0.7 - 2.3)	1	(0.6 - 1.8)	6.2*	(2.9 - 13.3)	4.0*	(1.6 - 9.8)	96.8*	(13.4 - 699.2)
	30-44	1.2	(0.7 - 2.1)	1.1	(0.6 - 1.9)	2.2*	(1.0 - 4.9)	1.9	(0.8 - 4.9)	16.2*	(2.4 - 111.0)
	45-54	1.4	(0.7 - 2.7)	1.4	(0.8 - 2.3)	1.9	(0.8 - 4.2)	1.8	(0.7 - 4.7)	16.8*	(1.8 - 155.8)
	55+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	1.2	[0.741]	2.7	[0.442]	34.4**	[0.000]	15.8**	[0.001]	41.3**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.4)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.3)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.3)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.2)
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	15.4**	[0.000]	62.6**	[0.000]	44.0**	[0.000]	37.9**	[0.000]	22.8**	[0.000]
Education	Low	0.6	(0.4 - 1.1)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.1)	1.3	(0.6 - 2.5)	1.4	(0.7 - 2.8)	1.7	(0.6 - 5.1)
	Low/Median	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	1.3	(0.9 - 1.9)	1.9*	(1.0 - 3.5)	2.6*	(1.4 - 4.9)	1.1	(0.4 - 3.0)
	Median/High	0.6*	(0.4 - 1.0)	1.3	(0.9 - 2.0)	2.2*	(1.2 - 3.9)	2.4*	(1.3 - 4.5)	1.4	(0.6 - 3.6)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	5.1	[0.163]	14.2**	[0.003]	8.3**	[0.040]	13.3**	[0.004]	1.7	[0.645]
Marital status	Never married	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.8)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.2)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.9)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	0.4	(0.2 - 1.0)
	Previously married	0.5*	(0.2 - 0.8)	1.1	(0.7 - 1.9)	2.6*	(1.5 - 4.7)	1.8	(0.8 - 4.0)	8.2*	(3.7 - 17.9)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	14.7**	[0.001]	2.4	[0.294]	19.9**	[0.000]	5.2	[0.073]	33.3**	[0.000]
Employment	Homemaker	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.7)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.2)	0.8	(0.2 - 3.6)
	Retired	0.6	(0.1 - 2.9)	1.5	(0.5 - 4.6)	1.2	(0.3 - 4.1)	1	(0.3 - 4.3)	1.2	(0.1 - 13.2)
	Other	0.7	(0.2 - 2.9)	1.3	(0.7 - 2.6)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.6)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.5)	2.4	(0.9 - 6.4)
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	7.9**	[0.048]	10.8**	[0.013]	0.6	[0.906]	2.7	[0.444]	3.5	[0.320]
Income	Low	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	1.3	(0.9 - 1.8)	1.1	(0.6 - 1.9)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.6)	1.5	(0.6 - 4.0)
	Low-average	0.7	(0.4 - 1.3)	1.5*	(1.0 - 2.1)	1	(0.6 - 1.8)	1	(0.6 - 1.7)	1.9	(0.7 - 4.9)
	High-average	0.6	(0.4 - 1.0)	1.2	(0.8 - 1.7)	1.4	(0.8 - 2.3)	1.6	(0.9 - 3.0)	1.4	(0.6 - 3.1)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	3.7	[0.295]	4.1	[0.248]	2.3	[0.515]	6.9	[0.075]	1.8	[0.622]

OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
***Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test*

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression modell
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Netherlands

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Alcohol OR	(95% CI)	Tobacco[1] OR	(95% CI)	Any extra-medical drugs OR	(95% CI)	Cannabis OR	(95% CI)	Cocaine OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	1.5	(0.4 - 5.4)	.	.	3.6*	(2.1 - 6.1)	49.0*	(10.0 - 240.9)	12020*	(5983.7 - 24147.5)
	35-49	2.2*	(1.0 - 4.8)	.	.	2.8*	(1.6 - 4.9)	35.8*	(6.2 - 206.9)	11676*	(3860.4 - 35313.6)
	50-64	2.1	(0.6 - 7.1)	.	.	1.8*	(1.1 - 3.2)	11.5*	(2.1 - 63.1)	3949.1*	(1087.6 - 14339.8)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	4.9	[0.182]	.	.	24.8**	[0.000]	78.7**	[0.000]	8466.1**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.4	(0.1 - 1.1)	.	.	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.6*	(0.4 - 1.0)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.3)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	3.6	[0.056]	.	.	6.5**	[0.011]	5.1**	[0.024]	1.9	[0.164]
Education	Low	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.5)	.	.	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.5)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.3)
	Low/Median	0.4	(0.1 - 1.4)	.	.	0.6	(0.3 - 1.2)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	1.2	(0.3 - 5.5)
	Median/High	1.9	(0.5 - 7.1)	.	.	0.6	(0.3 - 1.3)	0.6	(0.2 - 1.5)	0.8	(0.1 - 5.6)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	12.8**	[0.005]	.	.	27.5**	[0.000]	23.6**	[0.000]	12.6**	[0.006]
Marital status	Never married	1	(0.2 - 4.3)	.	.	1.5	(0.8 - 2.9)	2.2*	(1.0 - 4.9)	1.9	(0.7 - 4.9)
	Previously married	0.3*	(0.1 - 1.1)	.	.	1	(0.6 - 1.7)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.8)	1.1	(0.4 - 3.3)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	4.4	[0.109]	.	.	2.2	[0.329]	6.7**	[0.034]	1.9	[0.377]
Employment	Homemaker	0.6	(0.2 - 1.9)	.	.	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.5)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Retired	1.2	(0.4 - 3.8)	.	.	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.7)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.1)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	0.3*	(0.1 - 1.0)	.	.	2	(1.0 - 4.3)	1	(0.4 - 2.3)	0.4*	(0.1 - 1.0)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	12.9**	[0.005]	.	.	29.0**	[0.000]	37.1**	[0.000]	5375.1**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.6)	.	.	1.3	(0.6 - 2.5)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.4)	0.8	(0.1 - 5.7)
	Low-average	0.7	(0.2 - 2.7)	.	.	0.9	(0.5 - 1.6)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.3)	0.6	(0.1 - 3.2)
	High-average	0.3	(0.1 - 1.3)	.	.	1.2	(0.7 - 2.2)	1.2	(0.7 - 2.2)	2.6	(0.4 - 15.9)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	16.3**	[0.001]	.	.	5.3	[0.151]	3.8	[0.282]	8.2**	[0.042]

Part II Sample (n=1094)

[1] Drug was not accessed
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Netherlands

		Part II Sample (n=1094)										
		Alcohol		Tobacco[1]		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	1.4	(0.2 - 9.0)	.	.	1.8	(0.8 - 4.3)	18.7*	(4.1 - 84.9)	181.1*	(42.0 - 780.6)
	35-49	3.1	(0.6 - 15.8)	.	.	1.4	(0.7 - 3.2)	14.2*	(2.7 - 74.0)	205.7*	(32.3 - 1311.2)
	50-64	4.5	(0.8 - 24.7)	.	.	1	(0.5 - 2.3)	4.9*	(1.3 - 18.1)	101.0*	(35.9 - 284.1)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	7.1	[0.069]	.	.	3.5	[0.322]	17.7**	[0.001]	155.8**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.9)	.	.	0.8	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	0.8	(0.3 - 2.0)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	5.5**	[0.018]	.	.	2.7	[0.097]	1.8	[0.184]	0.2	[0.641]
Education	Low	0.2*	(0.0 - 0.9)	.	.	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.9)	0.1*	(0.0 - 1.0)
	Low/Median	0.4	(0.1 - 1.5)	.	.	0.6	(0.3 - 1.1)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.0)	1.4	(0.3 - 6.0)
	Median/High	2.8	(0.7 - 11.8)	.	.	0.6	(0.2 - 1.4)	0.6	(0.2 - 1.5)	0.7	(0.1 - 5.2)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	7.5	[0.058]	.	.	9.4**	[0.024]	6.7	[0.082]	6.3	[0.098]
Marital status	Never married	0.9	(0.2 - 5.0)	.	.	0.9	(0.4 - 1.9)	1.1	(0.4 - 2.8)	1.1	(0.3 - 3.8)
	Previously married	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.9)	.	.	1.5	(0.9 - 2.4)	2.1	(0.9 - 5.1)	2.1	(0.7 - 6.2)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	5.7	[0.057]	.	.	3.5	[0.178]	3.3	[0.188]	2	[0.375]
Employment	Homemaker	2.5	(0.4 - 15.3)	.	.	0.6	(0.3 - 1.1)	0.6	(0.2 - 2.0)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Retired	6.1	(0.8 - 44.8)	.	.	0.6	(0.3 - 1.4)	0.3	(0.1 - 1.1)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)
	Other	0.4	(0.1 - 1.3)	.	.	2.9*	(1.2 - 6.8)	1.9	(0.7 - 4.8)	0.6	(0.2 - 2.3)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	10.4**	[0.016]	.	.	10.8**	[0.013]	7.2	[0.065]	199.0**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.5	(0.2 - 1.4)	.	.	1.5	(0.7 - 3.0)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.8)	1.1	(0.2 - 7.6)
	Low-average	1.6	(0.4 - 6.1)	.	.	1.1	(0.6 - 2.2)	1.2	(0.6 - 2.2)	0.9	(0.2 - 3.9)
	High-average	0.5	(0.1 - 1.9)	.	.	1.4	(0.8 - 2.7)	1.4	(0.8 - 2.4)	3	(0.6 - 15.8)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	13.1**	[0.004]	.	.	3.8	[0.283]	1.5	[0.693]	3.5	[0.320]

[1] Drug was not accessed
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: New Zealand

		Part I Sample (n=12992)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco[1]		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	16-24	1.1	(0.8 - 1.5)	.	.	25.2*	(18.8 - 33.8)	36.7*	(27.4 - 49.0)	53.3*	(17.0 - 167.3)
	25-44	1.8*	(1.4 - 2.3)	.	.	30.0*	(23.2 - 38.9)	43.2*	(33.1 - 56.3)	79.3*	(26.0 - 242.1)
	45-64	2.0*	(1.6 - 2.6)	.	.	11.2*	(8.6 - 14.5)	16.1*	(12.2 - 21.1)	38.5*	(12.5 - 118.6)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	46.7**	[0.000]	.	.	903.4**	[0.000]	1061.1**	[0.000]	84.3**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	.	.	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.7)	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.7)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	48.2**	[0.000]	.	.	69.0**	[0.000]	75.6**	[0.000]	43.3**	[0.000]
Education	Low	0.9	(0.7 - 1.1)	.	.	0.8*	(0.7 - 0.9)	0.8*	(0.7 - 0.9)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.0)
	Low/Median	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.9)	.	.	1	(0.9 - 1.1)	1	(0.9 - 1.1)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.3)
	Median/High	2.0*	(1.5 - 2.5)	.	.	1.4*	(1.3 - 1.6)	1.5*	(1.3 - 1.7)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.4)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	58.0**	[0.000]	.	.	93.5**	[0.000]	105.0**	[0.000]	5.8	[0.120]
Marital status	Never married	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.9)	.	.	1.8*	(1.6 - 2.1)	1.8*	(1.6 - 2.1)	1.7*	(1.3 - 2.3)
	Previously married	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.8)	.	.	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.7)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.7)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.5)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	22.5**	[0.000]	.	.	177.0**	[0.000]	189.4**	[0.000]	16.1**	[0.000]
Employment	Homemaker	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.6)	.	.	0.8*	(0.7 - 0.9)	0.8*	(0.7 - 0.9)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.2)
	Retired	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.7)	.	.	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.1)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.1)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.1)
	Other	0.8	(0.5 - 1.2)	.	.	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.7)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.7)	2.4*	(1.5 - 3.6)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	39.4**	[0.000]	.	.	478.3**	[0.000]	592.3**	[0.000]	42.4**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.3)	.	.	0.8*	(0.7 - 1.0)	0.8*	(0.7 - 0.9)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.3)
	Low-average	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.5)	.	.	0.6*	(0.6 - 0.7)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.7)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)
	High-average	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.8)	.	.	0.8*	(0.7 - 0.9)	0.8*	(0.7 - 0.9)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.2)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	93.6**	[0.000]	.	.	41.2**	[0.000]	44.5**	[0.000]	7.4	[0.061]

[1] *Drug was not accessed*
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: New Zealand

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Alcohol OR	(95% CI)	Tobacco[1] OR	(95% CI)	Any extra-medical drugs OR	(95% CI)	Cannabis OR	(95% CI)	Cocaine OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	16-24	1.3	(0.7 - 2.3)	.	.	13.1*	(9.2 - 18.8)	16.8*	(11.6 - 24.3)	21.3*	(4.8 - 93.7)
	25-44	1.9*	(1.2 - 2.9)	.	.	17.2*	(12.7 - 23.2)	21.5*	(15.7 - 29.6)	39.4*	(9.7 - 160.9)
	45-64	1.7*	(1.1 - 2.5)	.	.	6.1*	(4.5 - 8.3)	7.6*	(5.6 - 10.5)	19.3*	(4.8 - 77.8)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	14.4**	[0.002]	.	.	589.8**	[0.000]	577.2**	[0.000]	50.7**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.8)	.	.	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.8)	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.8)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.5)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	19.7**	[0.000]	.	.	35.1**	[0.000]	39.0**	[0.000]	43.1**	[0.000]
Education	Low	1.4*	(1.0 - 1.9)	.	.	1.3*	(1.1 - 1.5)	1.3*	(1.1 - 1.6)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)
	Low/Median	1	(0.8 - 1.2)	.	.	1	(0.9 - 1.1)	1	(0.9 - 1.1)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.3)
	Median/High	2.2*	(1.7 - 2.9)	.	.	1.5*	(1.3 - 1.7)	1.5*	(1.3 - 1.7)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.3)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	41.2**	[0.000]	.	.	37.3**	[0.000]	38.9**	[0.000]	0.3	[0.963]
Marital status	Never married	0.9	(0.6 - 1.2)	.	.	1.2*	(1.0 - 1.4)	1.2*	(1.0 - 1.4)	1.6*	(1.1 - 2.2)
	Previously married	0.9	(0.7 - 1.2)	.	.	1.4*	(1.2 - 1.7)	1.4*	(1.2 - 1.7)	2.1*	(1.6 - 2.9)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	0.9	[0.638]	.	.	22.4**	[0.000]	21.5**	[0.000]	25.2**	[0.000]
Employment	Homemaker	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	.	.	1	(0.8 - 1.2)	1	(0.9 - 1.2)	1.4	(0.9 - 2.1)
	Retired	1	(0.7 - 1.5)	.	.	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.4)	0.3	(0.1 - 1.7)
	Other	1.1	(0.7 - 1.8)	.	.	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.8)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.8)	2.2*	(1.4 - 3.5)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	2.6	[0.450]	.	.	44.8**	[0.000]	68.1**	[0.000]	15.7**	[0.001]
Income	Low	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.3)	.	.	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.8)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.8)	1	(0.7 - 1.4)
	Low-average	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)	.	.	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.8)	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.8)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)
	High-average	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	.	.	0.8*	(0.7 - 0.9)	0.8*	(0.7 - 0.9)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.3)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	62.0**	[0.000]	.	.	20.2**	[0.000]	24.8**	[0.000]	1.9	[0.599]

Part I Sample (n=12992)

[1] Drug was not accessed
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Nigeria

| | | Part II Sample (n=2143) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Alcohol | | Tobacco | | Any extra-medical drugs | | Cannabis | | Cocaine[1] | |
Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.4)	2	(0.4 - 9.2)	.	.
	35-49	1.2	(0.7 - 1.8)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.2)	1.2	(0.7 - 1.9)	4	(0.9 - 18.3)	.	.
	50-64	1.3	(0.8 - 2.0)	1	(0.6 - 1.6)	1.1	(0.6 - 1.9)	2.3	(0.5 - 10.1)	.	.
	65+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	19.9**	[0.000]	61.2**	[0.000]	6.9	[0.074]	6.4	[0.095]	.	.
Sex	Female	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.5)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.8)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.1)	.	.
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_1 [p]	75.1**	[0.000]	223.1**	[0.000]	11.7**	[0.001]	17.4**	[0.000]	.	.
Education	Low	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	1.1	(0.7 - 1.8)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.4	(0.1 - 2.1)	.	.
	Low/Median	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)	1.3	(0.9 - 2.0)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.0)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.7)	.	.
	Median/High	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.8)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	8.6**	[0.035]	7.8**	[0.050]	20.8**	[0.000]	7.7	[0.053]	.	.
Marital status	Never married	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.9	(0.4 - 2.0)	.	.
	Previously married	1.1	(0.8 - 1.6)	0.6*	(0.4 - 1.0)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.3)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.9)	.	.
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_2 [p]	2.3	[0.313]	21.5**	[0.000]	3	[0.218]	1.5	[0.482]	.	.
Employment	Homemaker	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.6)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.5)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.4)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)	.	.
	Retired	0.6	(0.3 - 1.4)	1.9	(0.8 - 4.3)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.3)	2	(0.4 - 8.8)	.	.
	Other	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	1.2	(0.8 - 1.8)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.4)	.	.
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	10.7**	[0.013]	12.4**	[0.006]	3.6	[0.311]	2557.4**	[0.000]	.	.
Income	Low	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.7)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.9	(0.3 - 2.3)	.	.
	Low-average	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.8)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.6)	.	.
	High-average	0.7*	(0.5 - 1.0)	1	(0.7 - 1.4)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.8)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.9)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	23.0**	[0.000]	14.7**	[0.002]	22.5**	[0.000]	0.7	[0.863]	.	.

[1] **Drug was omitted due to insufficient cases (n < 30), but it will be included as one of the drugs in any extra-medical drugs**
*** OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test***
**** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test***
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Nigeria

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=2143)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine[1]	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.9)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.6)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.1)	3.1	(0.3 - 31.8)	.	.
	35-49	0.8	(0.5 - 1.5)	0.8	(0.3 - 1.8)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.4)	5.2	(0.5 - 52.4)	.	.
	50-64	1	(0.6 - 1.7)	0.9	(0.4 - 1.9)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.6)	2.4	(0.4 - 14.3)	.	.
	65+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	22.1**	[0.000]	31.0**	[0.000]	5.1	[0.167]	3.6	[0.305]	.	.
Sex	Female	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.5)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)	0.7*	(0.5 - 1.0)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.1)	.	.
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_1 [p]	63.4**	[0.000]	227.3**	[0.000]	4.5**	[0.034]	17.4**	[0.000]	.	.
Education	Low	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	1.6	(0.8 - 3.3)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.9	(0.1 - 9.0)	.	.
	Low/Median	0.9	(0.7 - 1.4)	1.7*	(1.0 - 2.9)	0.7*	(0.5 - 1.0)	1	(0.3 - 3.0)	.	.
	Median/High	0.9	(0.7 - 1.4)	1.1	(0.7 - 1.6)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	0.5*	(0.2 - 0.9)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	14.7**	[0.002]	6.5	[0.089]	17.9**	[0.000]	7.5	[0.058]	.	.
Marital status	Never married	0.8	(0.6 - 1.2)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.0)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.3)	0.8	(0.3 - 2.4)	.	.
	Previously married	1.5	(1.0 - 2.2)	1.5	(0.8 - 2.9)	1	(0.6 - 1.8)	1	(0.2 - 4.5)	.	.
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_2 [p]	3.9	[0.140]	4.3	[0.114]	0.9	[0.626]	0.2	[0.925]	.	.
Employment	Homemaker	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.9)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.7)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.5)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.0)	.	.
	Retired	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	1	(0.3 - 3.2)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.9)	3.5	(0.5 - 25.6)	.	.
	Other	1	(0.6 - 1.6)	1.1	(0.7 - 1.7)	1.4	(0.9 - 2.0)	0.7	(0.2 - 2.2)	.	.
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	13.9**	[0.003]	6.5	[0.090]	6.3	[0.100]	133.0**	[0.000]	.	.
Income	Low	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.5)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.7)	1.5	(0.5 - 4.9)	.	.
	Low-average	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.4)	0.6	(0.4 - 1.0)	1.2	(0.6 - 2.3)	.	.
	High-average	0.8	(0.6 - 1.0)	1.3	(0.9 - 1.9)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	1.1	(0.4 - 2.9)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	7.1	[0.070]	2.4	[0.497]	15.0**	[0.002]	1	[0.808]	.	.

[1] **Drug was omitted due to insufficient cases (n < 30), but it will be included as one of the drugs in any extra-medical drugs**
*** OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test**
**** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test**

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model
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Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: South Africa

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part I Sample (n=4315)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine[1]	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	1.1	(0.8 - 1.4)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.4)	1.3	(0.9 - 2.0)	2.3	(0.9 - 5.8)	.	.
	35-49	1.2	(0.9 - 1.7)	1.2	(0.8 - 1.7)	1.1	(0.7 - 1.9)	1.6	(0.5 - 5.0)	.	.
	50-64	1.1	(0.7 - 1.5)	1.4	(1.0 - 2.0)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.4)	1.4	(0.5 - 4.3)	.	.
	65+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	4.8	[0.190]	11.8**	[0.008]	7.9**	[0.048]	13.0**	[0.005]	.	.
Sex	Female	0.2*	(0.2 - 0.3)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.2)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.7)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.2)	.	.
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_1 [p]	317.9**	[0.000]	382.4**	[0.000]	38.4**	[0.000]	132.9**	[0.000]	.	.
Education	Low	0.9	(0.6 - 1.2)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.6)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.7)	.	.
	Low/Median	0.8	(0.6 - 1.0)	1	(0.8 - 1.3)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.6)	.	.
	Median/High	0.9	(0.7 - 1.1)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.2)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.2)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	2.9	[0.412]	1.5	[0.684]	5.4	[0.143]	21.5**	[0.000]	.	.
Marital status	Never married	1	(0.8 - 1.3)	0.8	(0.7 - 1.0)	1.1	(0.9 - 1.3)	1.4	(1.0 - 2.0)	.	.
	Previously married	1.2	(0.8 - 1.7)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.8)	1	(0.7 - 1.4)	1.1	(0.6 - 1.9)	.	.
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_2 [p]	0.9	[0.641]	7.1**	[0.029]	0.6	[0.747]	4	[0.136]	.	.
Employment	Homemaker	0.2*	(0.2 - 0.3)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.2)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.7)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.3)	.	.
	Retired	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.8)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.3)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.0)	0.6	(0.2 - 1.7)	.	.
	Other	0.9	(0.8 - 1.2)	1	(0.8 - 1.3)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.1)	1.2	(0.9 - 1.6)	.	.
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	263.1**	[0.000]	212.5**	[0.000]	25.8**	[0.000]	83.6**	[0.000]	.	.
Income	Low	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.7)	1	(0.7 - 1.3)	0.7*	(0.5 - 1.0)	.	.
	Low-average	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.2)	0.6	(0.4 - 1.1)	.	.
	High-average	0.7*	(0.5 - 1.0)	1	(0.7 - 1.3)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.6)	1	(0.6 - 1.7)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	70.4**	[0.000]	34.5**	[0.000]	2.8	[0.416]	9.8**	[0.020]	.	.

[1] *Drug was omitted due to insufficient cases (n < 30), but it will be included as one of the drugs in any extra-medical drugs*
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: South Africa

		Part I Sample (n=4315)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine[1]	
Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	0.9	(0.6 - 1.6)	1.4	(0.8 - 2.5)	1.2	(0.7 - 2.2)	2.1	(0.5 - 8.4)	.	.
	35-49	1.1	(0.7 - 1.6)	1.6	(0.9 - 2.7)	1	(0.5 - 1.9)	1.6	(0.4 - 6.4)	.	.
	50-64	0.9	(0.6 - 1.5)	1.7*	(1.0 - 2.7)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.4)	1.4	(0.4 - 5.1)	.	.
	65+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	2.4	[0.498]	6.4	[0.096]	5.7	[0.128]	2.7	[0.443]	.	.
Sex	Female	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.4)	0.2*	(0.2 - 0.2)	0.8*	(0.6 - 0.9)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.3)	.	.
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_1 [p]	174.2**	[0.000]	183.1**	[0.000]	7.7**	[0.005]	47.4**	[0.000]	.	.
Education	Low	1.5*	(1.0 - 2.1)	1.7*	(1.1 - 2.5)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.1)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.2)	.	.
	Low/Median	1.4*	(1.0 - 2.0)	1.6*	(1.2 - 2.2)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)	0.5*	(0.3 - 1.0)	.	.
	Median/High	1.3	(1.0 - 1.8)	1.3	(0.9 - 1.8)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.2)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	5.8	[0.121]	9.9**	[0.019]	2.9	[0.406]	5.1	[0.163]	.	.
Marital status	Never married	1.1	(0.9 - 1.4)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.2)	1	(0.7 - 1.7)	.	.
	Previously married	1.6*	(1.1 - 2.3)	2.2*	(1.6 - 3.0)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.6)	1.8	(0.9 - 3.6)	.	.
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_2 [p]	5.5	[0.065]	25.5**	[0.000]	0.6	[0.755]	2.9	[0.229]	.	.
Employment	Homemaker	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.7)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.6)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.8)	0.5	(0.3 - 1.0)	.	.
	Retired	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	1	(0.7 - 1.6)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)	1.1	(0.3 - 3.6)	.	.
	Other	0.9	(0.8 - 1.1)	1	(0.8 - 1.2)	0.8	(0.7 - 1.0)	1	(0.8 - 1.4)	.	.
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	35.5**	[0.000]	39.3**	[0.000]	14.6**	[0.002]	6.8	[0.079]	.	.
Income	Low	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.8)	1.2	(0.9 - 1.5)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.2)	.	.
	Low-average	0.4*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.9)	1	(0.7 - 1.3)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.3)	.	.
	High-average	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.3)	1.2	(0.8 - 1.7)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.6)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	64.5**	[0.000]	23.0**	[0.000]	4.5	[0.217]	1.6	[0.670]	.	.

[1] Drug was omitted due to insufficient cases (n < 30), but it will be included as one of the drugs in any extra-medical drugs
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model
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Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Spain

		Part II Sample (n=2121)										
		Alcohol		Tobacco[1]		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine	
Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	4.4*	(2.3 - 8.6)	.	.	1.9*	(1.3 - 2.8)	82.9*	(13.5 - 510.8)	20.1*	(3.1 - 131.3)
	35-49	3.6*	(2.4 - 5.4)	.	.	2.2*	(1.5 - 3.1)	48.9*	(7.7 - 310.8)	10.6*	(1.4 - 83.1)
	50-64	2.4*	(1.5 - 4.1)	.	.	1.7*	(1.1 - 2.5)	7.5	(0.9 - 58.6)	0.4	(0.0 - 5.4)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	57.2**	[0.000]	.	.	23.8**	[0.000]	51.3**	[0.000]	45.7**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.3)	.	.	1	(0.8 - 1.4)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.5)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.5)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	35.4**	[0.000]	.	.	0	[0.840]	39.9**	[0.000]	15.6**	[0.000]
Education	Low	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.6)	.	.	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.7)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.2)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.5)
	Low/Median	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.9)	.	.	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.6)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.5)
	Median/High	0.6	(0.3 - 1.3)	.	.	1.1	(0.7 - 1.8)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.3)	2.1*	(1.0 - 4.2)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	15.9**	[0.001]	.	.	25.8**	[0.000]	62.9**	[0.000]	22.1**	[0.000]
Marital status	Never married	2.1*	(1.3 - 3.5)	.	.	1.6*	(1.0 - 2.3)	4.0*	(2.6 - 6.2)	3.3*	(1.7 - 6.5)
	Previously married	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.4)	.	.	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.9)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	74.6**	[0.000]	.	.	7.1**	[0.029]	58.3**	[0.000]	22.8**	[0.000]
Employment	Homemaker	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.5)	.	.	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.2)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.1)
	Retired	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.5)	.	.	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.7)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.1)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.5)
	Other	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.6)	.	.	1	(0.6 - 1.8)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.5)	0.6	(0.2 - 1.8)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	38.2**	[0.000]	.	.	24.1**	[0.000]	66.4**	[0.000]	31.2**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.6)	.	.	1.4	(0.9 - 2.3)	0.4*	(0.2 - 1.0)	0.6	(0.1 - 2.4)
	Low-average	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.5)	.	.	1.2	(0.7 - 1.9)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.1)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.6)
	High-average	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	.	.	1.5*	(1.0 - 2.4)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.4)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.6)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	22.0**	[0.000]	.	.	5.4	[0.145]	5.9	[0.114]	11.0**	[0.012]

[1] *Drug was not accessed*
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Spain

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=2121) Alcohol OR	(95% CI)	Tobacco[1] OR	(95% CI)	Any extra-medical drugs OR	(95% CI)	Cannabis OR	(95% CI)	Cocaine OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	2.6*	(1.0 - 6.7)	.	.	0.9	(0.5 - 1.7)	10.5*	(2.7 - 40.3)	6.4*	(1.5 - 26.8)
	35-49	2.4*	(1.2 - 4.8)	.	.	1.4	(0.8 - 2.5)	9.8*	(2.6 - 36.2)	3.9	(0.9 - 17.0)
	50-64	2.0*	(1.0 - 3.8)	.	.	1.3	(0.8 - 2.1)	2.1	(0.5 - 9.5)	0.2	(0.0 - 1.7)
	65+	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	7.2	[0.066]	.	.	5.4	[0.142]	20.6**	[0.000]	21.3**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	.	.	1.2	(0.9 - 1.7)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.7)
	Male	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	20.5**	[0.000]	.	.	1.9	[0.163]	20.8**	[0.000]	8.8**	[0.003]
Education	Low	0.8	(0.4 - 1.6)	.	.	0.7	(0.4 - 1.0)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.9)	1.2	(0.5 - 3.0)
	Low/Median	1	(0.6 - 1.8)	.	.	0.8	(0.5 - 1.2)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	2.4	(0.9 - 6.2)
	Median/High	0.8	(0.3 - 1.7)	.	.	1.2	(0.7 - 1.9)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.6)	2.5*	(1.1 - 5.5)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	1.5	[0.672]	.	.	6.5	[0.090]	6.9	[0.075]	6.9	[0.076]
Marital status	Never married	1.4	(0.8 - 2.7)	.	.	1.4	(0.9 - 2.1)	1.8*	(1.1 - 3.0)	1.5	(0.7 - 3.2)
	Previously married	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	.	.	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)	1.2	(0.6 - 2.6)	1.2	(0.4 - 3.8)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	7.8**	[0.020]	.	.	2.5	[0.292]	6.6**	[0.038]	1.4	[0.500]
Employment	Homemaker	0.9	(0.6 - 1.6)	.	.	0.6*	(0.4 - 1.0)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.8)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.3)
	Retired	0.9	(0.5 - 1.8)	.	.	0.7	(0.4 - 1.1)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.7)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.8)
	Other	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	.	.	1	(0.6 - 1.9)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.5)	0.6	(0.1 - 2.8)
	Working (including student)	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	7.8	[0.050]	.	.	6.3	[0.097]	14.9**	[0.002]	11.5**	[0.009]
Income	Low	0.5*	(0.2 - 1.0)	.	.	1.9*	(1.1 - 3.2)	0.8	(0.3 - 2.0)	0.8	(0.2 - 3.5)
	Low-average	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.6)	.	.	1.5	(0.9 - 2.5)	1	(0.5 - 2.0)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.7)
	High-average	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.9)	.	.	1.7*	(1.1 - 2.7)	1	(0.6 - 1.8)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.5)
	High	1	--	.	.	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	11.7**	[0.009]	.	.	7.8	[0.050]	0.4	[0.941]	8.0**	[0.047]

[1] Drug was not accessed
* OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Ukraine

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine[1]	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	6.4*	(2.1 - 19.1)	6.9*	(4.7 - 10.0)	19.5*	(6.4 - 60.0)	44.7*	(5.6 - 357.2)	.	.
	35-49	24.3*	(4.7 - 126.2)	4.3*	(2.8 - 6.6)	10.1*	(3.1 - 32.2)	19.6*	(2.3 - 165.4)	.	.
	50-64	12.6*	(4.2 - 38.1)	1.9*	(1.2 - 2.8)	7.1*	(2.3 - 22.0)	12.3*	(1.5 - 102.0)	.	.
	65+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	32.0**	[0.000]	135.4**	[0.000]	41.3**	[0.000]	29.6**	[0.000]	.	.
Sex	Female	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.4)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.1)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	.	.
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_1 [p]	9.0**	[0.003]	168.3**	[0.000]	18.4**	[0.000]	28.7**	[0.000]	.	.
Education	Low	0.2*	(0.1 - 1.0)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.4)	0.2*	(0.0 - 1.0)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.4)	.	.
	Low/Median	1.2	(0.2 - 5.7)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.6)	1.5	(0.7 - 3.0)	1.7	(0.8 - 3.8)	.	.
	Median/High	1.5	(0.3 - 8.2)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.5)	1.3	(0.6 - 2.8)	1.3	(0.5 - 3.5)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	25.2**	[0.000]	47.5**	[0.000]	9.4**	[0.024]	13.9**	[0.003]	.	.
Marital status	Never married	0.4	(0.2 - 1.1)	1.9*	(1.2 - 3.1)	2.4*	(1.3 - 4.4)	3.0*	(1.6 - 5.6)	.	.
	Previously married	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.8)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.5)	0.6	(0.3 - 1.1)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	.	.
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_2 [p]	6.5**	[0.038]	56.8**	[0.000]	19.9**	[0.000]	24.6**	[0.000]	.	.
Employment	Homemaker	2	(0.4 - 8.8)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.2)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.9)	0.2*	(0.0 - 0.7)	.	.
	Retired	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.4)	0.2*	(0.2 - 0.3)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.3)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.3)	.	.
	Other	4.9	(0.7 - 33.5)	1.3	(0.7 - 2.6)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.9)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.4)	.	.
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	25.3**	[0.000]	74.4**	[0.000]	32.5**	[0.000]	20.5**	[0.000]	.	.
Income	Low	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.7)	0.8	(0.4 - 1.4)	0.6	(0.2 - 1.7)	0.6	(0.2 - 2.0)	.	.
	Low-average	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.6)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.9	(0.4 - 1.9)	0.8	(0.3 - 2.0)	.	.
	High-average	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.5)	0.6*	(0.4 - 1.0)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.4)	0.6	(0.2 - 1.4)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	8.9**	[0.031]	5	[0.171]	2.5	[0.480]	1.8	[0.605]	.	.

Part II Sample (n=1720)

[1] **Drug was omitted due to insufficient cases (n < 30), but it will be included as one of the drugs in any extra-medical drugs**
*** OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test**
**** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test**
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: Ukraine

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Part II Sample (n=1720)									
		Alcohol		Tobacco		Any extra-medical drugs		Cannabis		Cocaine[1]	
		OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-34	3.3	(0.8 - 13.4)	14.2*	(6.0 - 33.4)	6.8*	(2.1 - 21.6)	11.8*	(1.3 - 106.4)	.	.
	35-49	9.7*	(1.4 - 66.9)	6.7*	(2.8 - 16.3)	3.7*	(1.3 - 10.9)	5.6	(0.6 - 49.4)	.	.
	50-64	9.8*	(3.1 - 31.5)	2.0*	(1.2 - 3.6)	3.9*	(1.3 - 12.0)	5.3	(0.5 - 53.0)	.	.
	65+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	17.3**	[0.001]	44.3**	[0.000]	11.9**	[0.008]	10.5**	[0.015]	.	.
Sex	Female	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.4)	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.1)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.5)	.	.
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_1 [p]	10.3**	[0.001]	137.1**	[0.000]	8.8**	[0.003]	17.3**	[0.000]	.	.
Education	Low	1.3	(0.2 - 7.0)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.4)	1.3	(0.2 - 9.3)	0.5	(0.0 - 6.7)	.	.
	Low/Median	1.3	(0.3 - 6.6)	1	(0.6 - 1.5)	1.5	(0.6 - 3.5)	1.7	(0.7 - 4.1)	.	.
	Median/High	1.5	(0.3 - 8.8)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.5)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.6)	1.1	(0.4 - 3.3)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	0.2	[0.974]	1.1	[0.776]	1.2	[0.748]	2.6	[0.452]	.	.
Marital status	Never married	0.4	(0.1 - 1.4)	1	(0.5 - 2.1)	1.3	(0.6 - 2.7)	1.4	(0.6 - 3.0)	.	.
	Previously married	1.3	(0.5 - 3.1)	1.3	(0.9 - 1.8)	1.2	(0.6 - 2.4)	0.9	(0.4 - 1.9)	.	.
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_2 [p]	4.9	[0.088]	2.8	[0.245]	0.8	[0.675]	0.9	[0.645]	.	.
Employment	Homemaker	4.9*	(1.2 - 21.0)	1.4	(0.6 - 3.3)	0.5	(0.1 - 1.6)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.8)	.	.
	Retired	0.5	(0.1 - 1.5)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.2)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.8)	0.3	(0.1 - 1.5)	.	.
	Other	5.1	(0.6 - 42.3)	1.7	(0.8 - 3.8)	1	(0.5 - 2.0)	1.2	(0.5 - 2.7)	.	.
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	15.4**	[0.002]	3.3	[0.354]	8.9**	[0.031]	4.3	[0.234]	.	.
Income	Low	0.0*	(0.0 - 0.4)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.9)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.5)	0.4	(0.1 - 1.5)	.	.
	Low-average	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.6)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.6)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.5)	0.5	(0.2 - 1.4)	.	.
	High-average	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.5)	0.5*	(0.3 - 1.0)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.5)	0.6	(0.2 - 1.5)	.	.
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	.	.
	X^2_3 [p]	10.0**	[0.019]	18.5**	[0.000]	2.1	[0.558]	3.4	[0.340]	.	.

[1] **Drug was omitted due to insufficient cases (n < 30), but it will be included as one of the drugs in any extra-medical drugs**
*** OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test**
****** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test**

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression model
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06

Table 7. Bivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: USA

| | | Part II Sample (n=5692) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Alcohol | | Tobacco | | Any extra-medical drugs | | Cannabis | | Cocaine | |
Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)	OR	(95% CI)
Cohort	18-29	2.2*	(1.5 - 3.2)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	14.9*	(10.4 - 21.3)	16.2*	(11.5 - 22.9)	16.5*	(7.7 - 35.1)
	30-44	2.7*	(1.9 - 3.7)	1	(0.8 - 1.4)	19.2*	(14.2 - 26.0)	20.2*	(15.1 - 27.0)	32.7*	(15.5 - 68.7)
	45-59	2.5*	(1.8 - 3.5)	1.2	(0.9 - 1.5)	11.2*	(8.2 - 15.3)	12.3*	(9.0 - 16.7)	17.4*	(8.4 - 36.0)
	60+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	53.3**	[0.000]	7.1	[0.070]	390.7**	[0.000]	435.0**	[0.000]	108.4**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.5*	(0.5 - 0.6)	0.5*	(0.5 - 0.6)	0.4*	(0.4 - 0.5)
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	25.4**	[0.000]	52.9**	[0.000]	75.0**	[0.000]	70.6**	[0.000]	107.8**	[0.000]
Race-ethnicity	Hispanic	0.8	(0.4 - 1.6)	0.7	(0.5 - 1.0)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.3)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.2)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.5)
	Non-Hispanic Black	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.7)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.1)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.1)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.0)
	Other	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.8)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.3)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.3)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.5)
	Non-Hispanic White	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	15.2**	[0.002]	40.3**	[0.000]	1.6	[0.671]	2.1	[0.543]	3.9	[0.277]
Education	< high school	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.9)	1.6*	(1.1 - 2.1)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)
	High school	0.7	(0.5 - 1.2)	1.3*	(1.0 - 1.6)	0.8	(0.7 - 1.0)	0.8*	(0.7 - 1.0)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.4)
	Some college	1.3	(0.8 - 2.1)	1.1	(0.9 - 1.4)	1	(0.9 - 1.2)	1	(0.8 - 1.2)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.5)
	College	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	22.5**	[0.000]	10.4*	[0.015]	16.8**	[0.001]	17.5**	[0.001]	4.1	[0.252]
Marital status	Never married	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.8)	1.4*	(1.2 - 1.8)	1.2	(0.9 - 1.5)
	Previously married	0.7	(0.4 - 1.2)	1	(0.9 - 1.2)	0.8	(0.7 - 1.0)	0.8	(0.7 - 1.0)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.2)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	1.4	[0.489]	7.1*	[0.028]	21.9**	[0.000]	21.6**	[0.000]	4.5	[0.106]
Employment	Homemaker	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.5)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.7)
	Retired	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.7)	1.1	(0.9 - 1.5)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.1)	0.1*	(0.0 - 0.1)	0.1*	(0.1 - 0.2)
	Other	0.6*	(0.3 - 0.9)	1.2	(0.8 - 1.7)	1.1	(0.9 - 1.5)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.4)	1.2	(0.9 - 1.6)
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	47.8**	[0.000]	9.2*	[0.027]	313.4**	[0.000]	274.7**	[0.000]	53.5**	[0.000]
Income	Low	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.5)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.1)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.8)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.8)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.1)
	Low-average	0.6*	(0.4 - 1.0)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.2)	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.9)	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.9)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)
	High-average	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	1	(0.8 - 1.3)	0.8	(0.7 - 1.0)	0.8	(0.7 - 1.1)	1.1	(0.9 - 1.4)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	23.2**	[0.000]	3.6	[0.304]	23.2**	[0.000]	20.9**	[0.000]	7.2	[0.065]
Region	Northeast	2.5*	(1.2 - 5.3)	1.7*	(1.1 - 2.6)	1.7*	(1.3 - 2.1)	1.7*	(1.4 - 2.2)	1.6*	(1.3 - 2.1)
	Midwest	3.0*	(1.4 - 6.2)	1.8*	(1.4 - 2.5)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.7)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.8)	1	(0.8 - 1.3)
	West	2.4*	(1.3 - 4.5)	1.3	(1.0 - 1.8)	2.1*	(1.7 - 2.6)	2.1*	(1.7 - 2.5)	2.2*	(1.7 - 2.9)
	South	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	18.0**	[0.000]	19.2**	[0.000]	55.1**	[0.000]	68.6**	[0.000]	56.6**	[0.000]
Belt Code	Central city >= 2 million residents	2.5*	(1.5 - 4.4)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	4.3*	(3.4 - 5.5)	3.9*	(3.0 - 5.1)	8.9*	(7.2 - 11.1)
	Central city < 2 million residents	3.8*	(2.7 - 5.5)	1.1	(0.9 - 1.5)	4.1*	(3.4 - 5.0)	4.0*	(3.3 - 4.8)	6.2*	(5.0 - 7.8)
	Suburbs of central city >= 2 million residents	5.5*	(3.3 - 9.1)	1	(0.8 - 1.2)	4.0*	(3.4 - 4.8)	4.0*	(3.4 - 4.8)	8.0*	(6.3 - 10.2)
	Suburbs of central city < 2 million residents	4.0*	(2.3 - 6.8)	1.3*	(1.1 - 1.6)	3.3*	(2.6 - 4.1)	3.3*	(2.6 - 4.1)	6.0*	(5.1 - 7.0)
	Adjacent area	4.3*	(2.7 - 6.9)	1.3*	(1.0 - 1.7)	2.9*	(2.4 - 3.4)	2.9*	(2.4 - 3.4)	5.1*	(4.2 - 6.0)
	Rural area	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_5 [p]	148.1**	[0.000]	13.2**	[0.022]	862.9**	[0.000]	892.3**	[0.000]	1709.8**	[0.000]
Religion	Protestant: Fundamentalist	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.7)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.7)	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.9)	0.7*	(0.6 - 0.9)	1	(0.8 - 1.2)
	Catholic	2.0*	(1.2 - 3.3)	1	(0.8 - 1.3)	1	(0.8 - 1.3)	1	(0.8 - 1.3)	1.2	(0.9 - 1.7)
	Jewish	0.5	(0.2 - 1.5)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.4)	1.2	(0.7 - 1.9)	1.1	(0.7 - 1.8)	1.4	(0.7 - 3.0)
	Others	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	0.3*	(0.1 - 0.6)	1	(0.4 - 2.4)	1	(0.4 - 2.3)	2.3	(0.9 - 6.3)
	None	1.7*	(1.0 - 3.0)	1.2	(0.9 - 1.6)	2.4*	(2.0 - 2.9)	2.5*	(2.1 - 2.9)	2.9*	(2.3 - 3.6)
	Protestant: Non-fundamentalist	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_5 [p]	58.3**	[0.000]	37.4**	[0.000]	194.4**	[0.000]	229.7**	[0.000]	173.5**	[0.000]
Religious belief	Low important	3.9*	(2.3 - 6.5)	2.0*	(1.5 - 2.6)	3.3*	(2.7 - 4.0)	3.4*	(2.8 - 4.1)	2.5*	(2.0 - 3.2)
	Little important	2.7*	(1.7 - 4.4)	2.1*	(1.7 - 2.6)	2.1*	(1.7 - 2.5)	2.1*	(1.7 - 2.5)	1.5*	(1.1 - 2.0)
	Somewhat important	1.7*	(1.0 - 2.9)	1.3*	(1.1 - 1.7)	1.5*	(1.2 - 1.9)	1.5*	(1.2 - 1.8)	1.2	(0.9 - 1.5)
	Very important	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	40.2**	[0.000]	48.7**	[0.000]	156.9**	[0.000]	166.4**	[0.000]	102.0**	[0.000]

*OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
**Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
Results are based on bivariate logistic regression model without any control
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Table 7. Multivariate sociodemographic correlates of lifetime use of each of the 5 drugs: USA

Socio-demographic	Sociodemographic Category	Alcohol OR	(95% CI)	Tobacco OR	(95% CI)	Any extra-medical drugs OR	(95% CI)	Cannabis OR	(95% CI)	Cocaine OR	(95% CI)
						Part II Sample (n=5692)					
Cohort	18-29	3.3*	(2.0 - 5.6)	1.4	(0.9 - 2.2)	14.2*	(9.1 - 22.3)	14.2*	(9.1 - 22.1)	15.2*	(5.2 - 43.9)
	30-44	3.3*	(2.2 - 4.8)	1.5*	(1.1 - 2.1)	16.3*	(11.3 - 23.7)	15.9*	(11.4 - 22.4)	33.2*	(12.3 - 89.4)
	45-59	2.8*	(1.9 - 4.2)	1.6*	(1.1 - 2.2)	8.5*	(5.7 - 12.7)	8.8*	(6.0 - 13.0)	16.3*	(6.3 - 42.2)
	60+	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	43.4**	[0.000]	8.6**	[0.035]	251.0**	[0.000]	302.2**	[0.000]	93.2**	[0.000]
Sex	Female	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.7)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.7)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.6)
	Male	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_1 [p]	9.6**	[0.002]	45.1**	[0.000]	30.5**	[0.000]	25.6**	[0.000]	45.2**	[0.000]
Race-ethnicity	Hispanic	0.5	(0.3 - 1.1)	0.6*	(0.4 - 1.0)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.8)	0.7*	(0.5 - 1.0)
	Non-Hispanic Black	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.9	(0.6 - 1.3)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.3)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)
	Other	0.5*	(0.2 - 0.9)	0.7	(0.4 - 1.1)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.7)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.8)	0.4*	(0.2 - 0.9)
	Non-Hispanic White	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	6.7	[0.082]	11.8**	[0.008]	18.0**	[0.000]	16.2**	[0.001]	18.8**	[0.000]
Education	< high school	0.9	(0.4 - 1.7)	1.9*	(1.4 - 2.7)	1.2	(0.8 - 1.7)	1.2	(0.9 - 1.7)	1.5*	(1.1 - 2.1)
	High school	0.9	(0.5 - 1.4)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.8)	1.1	(0.9 - 1.4)	1.1	(0.9 - 1.3)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.9)
	Some college	1.3	(0.8 - 2.2)	1.2	(0.9 - 1.5)	1.1	(0.9 - 1.3)	1.1	(0.9 - 1.3)	1.3*	(1.0 - 1.8)
	College	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	5.3	[0.148]	15.5**	[0.001]	1.2	[0.746]	1.2	[0.747]	9.5**	[0.023]
Marital status	Never married	0.7*	(0.4 - 1.0)	0.7*	(0.5 - 0.9)	0.7*	(0.6 - 1.0)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.0)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.2)
	Previously married	1.3	(0.8 - 2.2)	1.2*	(1.0 - 1.5)	1.6*	(1.3 - 2.0)	1.6*	(1.3 - 2.1)	1.3*	(1.1 - 1.7)
	Married/Cohabiting	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_2 [p]	11.3**	[0.004]	11.6**	[0.003]	34.5**	[0.000]	25.5**	[0.000]	11.7**	[0.003]
Employment	Homemaker	0.6*	(0.3 - 0.9)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.3)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.4)
	Retired	1.2	(0.7 - 2.1)	1.3	(0.9 - 1.8)	0.5*	(0.3 - 0.7)	0.4*	(0.3 - 0.6)	0.9	(0.4 - 2.1)
	Other	0.9	(0.6 - 1.5)	1.3	(0.8 - 1.9)	1.5*	(1.1 - 2.0)	1.3	(0.9 - 1.9)	1.4*	(1.0 - 1.9)
	Working (including student)	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	15.8**	[0.001]	4.9	[0.178]	31.5**	[0.000]	22.9**	[0.000]	6	[0.110]
Income	Low	0.5*	(0.3 - 1.0)	1	(0.8 - 1.3)	0.6*	(0.5 - 0.8)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.8)	1	(0.7 - 1.4)
	Low-average	0.8	(0.4 - 1.5)	1	(0.7 - 1.2)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.0)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	1	(0.7 - 1.2)
	High-average	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.9)	1	(0.8 - 1.2)	0.8*	(0.6 - 1.0)	0.8*	(0.6 - 1.0)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.4)
	High	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	8.3**	[0.040]	0.2	[0.974]	10.8**	[0.013]	10.4**	[0.015]	1.5	[0.691]
Region	Northeast	1.7	(0.8 - 3.8)	1.3	(0.9 - 2.0)	1.6*	(1.2 - 2.1)	1.7*	(1.3 - 2.2)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.9)
	Midwest	2.1*	(1.1 - 4.4)	1.4*	(1.0 - 2.0)	1.2	(0.9 - 1.7)	1.3	(1.0 - 1.7)	0.9	(0.7 - 1.2)
	West	2.3*	(1.2 - 4.6)	1.3	(1.0 - 1.7)	2.2*	(1.7 - 2.8)	2.2*	(1.8 - 2.8)	2.0*	(1.5 - 2.7)
	South	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	8.9**	[0.030]	5.6	[0.134]	47.9**	[0.000]	63.5**	[0.000]	51.7**	[0.000]
Belt Code	Central city >= 2 million residents	1	(0.5 - 1.8)	0.5*	(0.4 - 0.8)	2.4*	(1.8 - 3.3)	2.1*	(1.5 - 2.9)	5.2*	(3.8 - 7.1)
	Central city < 2 million residents	1.7*	(1.1 - 2.6)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.1)	2.9*	(2.2 - 3.7)	2.6*	(2.0 - 3.4)	4.3*	(3.1 - 6.0)
	Suburbs of central city >= 2 million residents	1.8	(0.9 - 3.5)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.8)	2.2*	(1.6 - 2.9)	2.1*	(1.5 - 2.8)	4.8*	(3.6 - 6.5)
	Suburbs of central city < 2 million residents	1.8*	(1.1 - 3.0)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.2)	2.2*	(1.8 - 2.8)	2.2*	(1.7 - 2.7)	4.3*	(3.5 - 5.4)
	Adjacent area	2.0*	(1.4 - 2.9)	0.8	(0.5 - 1.2)	1.9*	(1.6 - 2.2)	1.8*	(1.5 - 2.2)	3.4*	(2.9 - 4.1)
	Rural area	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_5 [p]	19.4**	[0.002]	18.4**	[0.002]	114.8**	[0.000]	91.2**	[0.000]	263.1**	[0.000]
Religion	Protestant: Fundamentalist	0.7	(0.5 - 1.1)	0.6*	(0.4 - 0.8)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.5)
	Catholic	2.2*	(1.4 - 3.5)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.3)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	0.8	(0.6 - 1.1)	1	(0.7 - 1.4)
	Jewish	0.5	(0.2 - 1.4)	0.9	(0.5 - 1.7)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.4)	1.1	(0.5 - 2.4)	1.2	(0.5 - 3.0)
	Others	0.2*	(0.1 - 0.4)	0.3*	(0.2 - 0.7)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.6)	0.7	(0.3 - 1.6)	1.9	(0.6 - 5.8)
	None	1.1	(0.7 - 1.9)	1.1	(0.9 - 1.4)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.7)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.7)	1.9*	(1.4 - 2.4)
	Protestant: Non-fundamentalist	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_5 [p]	51.1**	[0.000]	28.0**	[0.000]	24.8**	[0.000]	28.9**	[0.000]	43.6**	[0.000]
Religious belief	Low important	2.4*	(1.4 - 4.1)	1.5*	(1.1 - 2.1)	2.0*	(1.5 - 2.6)	2.0*	(1.5 - 2.6)	1.4*	(1.0 - 1.8)
	Little important	2.1*	(1.3 - 3.4)	1.9*	(1.5 - 2.4)	1.6*	(1.2 - 2.1)	1.6*	(1.3 - 2.1)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.5)
	Somewhat important	1.6	(1.0 - 2.7)	1.3*	(1.1 - 1.7)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.8)	1.4*	(1.1 - 1.8)	1.1	(0.8 - 1.4)
	Very important	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--
	X^2_3 [p]	15.3**	[0.002]	32.2**	[0.000]	28.4**	[0.000]	30.8**	[0.000]	8.9**	[0.030]

italic * OR significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test
** Significant at the 0.05 level, 2-sided test

Results are based on multivariate logistic regression modell
Report produced by Wai Tat Chiu on: 27NOV06