

Appendix Table 1a. *Lifetime comorbidities of Generalized Anxiety Disorder with other anxiety, mood, and substance use disorders, in the ECA-SP (Brazil)*

	Temporal Priority of GAD and Comorbid Disorder†								
	Lifetime Generalized Anxiety Disorder			Lifetime GAD First		Comorbid Disorder First		Both Started in Same Year	
	%	OR‡	(95% CI)	%	(se)	%	(se)	%	(se)
I. Anxiety disorders									
Agoraphobia	12.6§	2.6*	(1.0-6.6)	71.1	(16.6)	0.0	--	28.9	(16.6)
Panic disorder	9.6	9.5*	(3.3-27.8)	0.0	--	0.0	--	100.0	(0.0)
Simple phobia	38.5	7.6*	(3.3-17.5)	4.4	(1.6)	78.4	(11.6)	17.2	(11.9)
Social phobia	17.7	3.2*	(1.0-10.8)	0.0	--	89.9	(11.2)	10.1	(11.2)
Any anxiety disorder	46.5	4.8*	(2.4-9.7)	21.1	(11.5)	67.9	(12.4)	28.5	(12.6)
II. Mood disorders									
Dysthymia	28.7	8.9*	(3.3-24.1)	44.5	(25.7)	27.2	(17.1)	28.3	(23.8)
Major depression	68.3	17.2*	(7.3-40.6)	32.1	(10.0)	22.9	(9.7)	45.0	(11.1)
Mania	12.0	13.4*	(2.1-83.7)	54.7	(22.1)	18.1	(26.1)	27.2	(33.1)
Any mood disorder	78.1	22.0*	(9.0-54.3)	36.7	(10.9)	24.1	(9.3)	45.5	(10.9)
III. Substance use disorders									
Substance abuse	22.5	1.5	(0.5-4.3)	11.0	(13.7)	89.0	(13.7)	0.0	--
Substance dependence	9.7	2.0	(0.3-12.2)	74.5	(26.5)	25.5	(26.5)	0.0	--
Any substance use disorder	22.5	1.5	(0.6-4.0)	65.2	(23.8)	66.1	(29.6)	0.0	--
IV. Any disorder	82.8	8.4*	(3.1-22.7)	50.3	(10.7)	52.2	(12.1)	62.1	(11.1)

* p<0.05

† All percentages were calculated in the subsample of respondents who had both disorders.

‡ Results in this column are based on logistic regression coefficients estimated in a series of separate models to predict lifetime GAD in Brazil. For example, the odds of having GAD are 2.6 times as great among respondents with a history of lifetime agoraphobia as those without lifetime agoraphobia.

§ 12.6% of people in Brazil with lifetime GAD had agoraphobia in their lifetime.

|| Substances include alcohol, cocaine, inhalants, marijuana, hashish, opiates, psychedelics, sedatives, and stimulants.